Product Name: Phospho-Smad2 (Thr8)/Smad3 (Thr8)

Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog #: AMRe87735



Summary

Production Name Phospho-Smad2 (Thr8)/Smad3 (Thr8) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Monoclonal antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB, ICC/IF, IP **Reactivity** Human,Mouse,Rat

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationPhosphorylated

Isotype IgG

Clonality Monoclonal Form Liquid

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide

and 0.05% BSA. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.

Purification Affinity Purification

Immunogen

Buffer

Gene Name Phospho-Smad2 (Thr8)/Smad3 (Thr8) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Alternative Names JV18; MADH2; MADR2; JV18-1; hMAD-2; hSMAD2

Gene ID 4087, 4088

SwissProt ID Q15796, P84022.

Application

Dilution Ratio WB: 1:1000 ICC/IF: 1:50 IP: 1:20-1:50

Molecular Weight Calculated MW:52,48 kDa; Observed MW:58,62 kDa

Background

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

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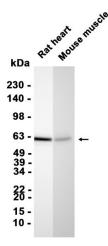
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The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4 is important for the translocation of this protein into the nucleus, where it binds to target promoters and forms a transcription repressor complex with other cofactors. This protein can also be phosphorylated by activin type 1 receptor kinase, and mediates the signal from the activin. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012]

Research Area

Image Data



Western blot analysis of extracts from Rat heart, Mouse kidney tissue using AMRe87735 at 1:1000.

Note

For research use only.

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