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**Product Name: Carbonic Anhydrase XIV Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody****Catalog #: AMRe87027**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:1000-1:5000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Calculated MW:38 kDa; Observed MW:42 kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	Carbonic Anhydrase XIV
<b>Alternative Names</b>	CAXiV
<b>Gene ID</b>	23632
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q9ULX7
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide of human Carbonic Anhydrase XIV

**Background**

Carbonic anhydrases (CAs) are a large family of zinc metalloenzymes that catalyze the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. They participate in a variety of biological processes, including respiration, calcification, acid-base balance, bone resorption, and

the formation of aqueous humor, cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, and gastric acid. They show extensive diversity in tissue distribution and in their subcellular localization. CA XIV is predicted to be a type I membrane protein and shares highest sequence similarity with the other transmembrane CA isoform, CA XII; however, they have different patterns of tissue-specific expression and thus may play different physiologic roles. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

## Research Area

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of extracts from A379 cells using Carbonic Anhydrase XIV Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody at 1:1000.