

**Product Name: IL-12A Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody****Catalog #: AMRe86885**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB,IHC,FC
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:1000-1:5000,IHC 1:200-1:1000,FC 1:100-1:200
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Calculated MW:25 kDa; Observed MW:35 kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	IL-12A
<b>Alternative Names</b>	P35; CLMF; NFSK; NKSF1; IL-12A
<b>Gene ID</b>	3592
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	P29459
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide of human IL12A

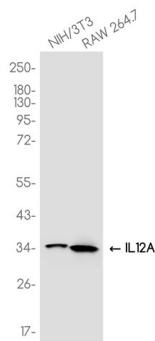
**Background**

This gene encodes a subunit of a cytokine that acts on T and natural killer cells, and has a broad array of biological activities. The cytokine is a disulfide-linked heterodimer composed of the 35-kD subunit encoded by this gene, and a 40-kD subunit that is a

member of the cytokine receptor family. This cytokine is required for the T-cell-independent induction of interferon (IFN)-gamma, and is important for the differentiation of both Th1 and Th2 cells. The responses of lymphocytes to this cytokine are mediated by the activator of transcription protein STAT4. Nitric oxide synthase 2A (NOS2A/NOS2) is found to be required for the signaling process of this cytokine in innate immunity. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

## Research Area

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of extracts from NIH3T3, Raw 264.7 cells using IL-12A Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody at 1:1000.