

Product Name: KAT2A Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMRe85602**

For research use only.

Summary

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|----------------------|--|
| Description | Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Application | WB,IP |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Modification | Unmodified |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Form | Liquid |
| Concentration | |
| Storage | Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | Ice bags |
| Buffer | Purified antibody in TBS with 0.05% sodium azide, 0.05% protective protein and 50% glycerol. |
| Purification | Affinity Purification |

Application

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Dilution Ratio | WB 1:500-1:1000, IP 1:10-1:20 |
| Molecular Weight | Calculated MW: 94 kDa; Observed MW: 94 kDa |

Antigen Information

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|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gene Name | KAT2A |
| Alternative Names | GCN5; hGCN5; GCN5L2; PCAF-b |
| Gene ID | 2648.0 |
| SwissProt ID | Q92830 |
| Immunogen | Recombinant protein of human GCN5 |

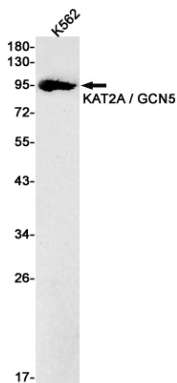
Background

Protein lysine acyltransferase that can act both as a acetyltransferase and succinyltransferase, depending on the context (PubMed:29211711). Acts as a histone lysine succinyltransferase: catalyzes succinylation of histone H3 on 'Lys-79' (H3K79succ), with a maximum frequency around the transcription start sites of genes (PubMed:29211711). Succinylation of histones gives a

specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation (PubMed:29211711). Association with the 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex, which provides succinyl-CoA, is required for histone succinylation (PubMed:29211711). In different complexes, functions either as an acetyltransferase (HAT) or as a succinyltransferase: in the SAGA and ATAC complexes, acts as a histone acetyltransferase (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:19103755, PubMed:29211711). Has significant histone acetyltransferase activity with core histones, but not with nucleosome core particles (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:19103755). Acetylation of histones gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:19103755, PubMed:29211711). Involved in long-term memory consolidation and synaptic plasticity: acts by promoting expression of a hippocampal gene expression network linked to neuroactive receptor signaling . Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell activation: upon TCR stimulation, recruited to the IL2 promoter following interaction with NFATC2 and catalyzes acetylation of histone H3 at Lys-9 (H3K9ac), leading to promote IL2 expression . Also acetylates non-histone proteins, such as CEBPB, PLK4 and TBX5 (PubMed:17301242, PubMed:29174768, PubMed:27796307). Involved in heart and limb development by mediating acetylation of TBX5, acetylation regulating nucleocytoplasmic shuttling of TBX5 (PubMed:29174768). Acts as a negative regulator of centrosome amplification by mediating acetylation of PLK4 (PubMed:27796307).

Research Area

Image Data



Western blot analysis of KAT2A / GCN5 in K562 lysates using KAT2A antibody.