

Product Name: Vitronectin (1N16) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMRe19807**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,IF-P
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	0.5mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent.
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:1000-1:2000,IHC 1:20-1:100,ICC/IF 1:20-1:50,IF-P 1:20-1:50
Molecular Weight	54kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	VTN
Alternative Names	VN; V75; VNT; VTNC; Vitronectin;
Gene ID	7448.0
SwissProt ID	P04004
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human Vitronectin

Background

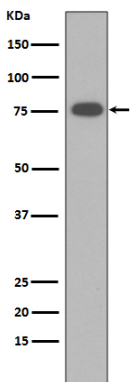
The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the pexin family. It is found in serum and tissues and promotes cell adhesion

and spreading, inhibits the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway, and binds to several serpin serine protease inhibitors. It is a secreted protein and exists in either a single chain form or a clipped, two chain form held together by a disulfide bond. Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway.

Research Area

Cardiovascular

Image Data



Western blot analysis of Vitronectin expression in human Serum membrane lysate.