Product Name: SHIP (1118) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Enkilife Catalog #: AMRe17862

Summary

Production Name SHIP (1118) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC-P,ICC/IF,FC,IP,IF-P

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

Clonality Monoclonal Form Liquid

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type

Buffer preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name INPP5D

Inositol polyphosphate-5-phosphatase of 145 kDa; inositol polyphosphate-5-Alternative Names

phosphatase, 145kDa; INPP5D; p150Ship;

 Gene ID
 3635.0

 SwissProt ID
 Q92835.

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:1000, IHC-P/IF-P 1:100-1:500, ICC/IF 1:100, FCM 1:20-1:50, IP 1:20-1:50

Molecular Weight 133kDa

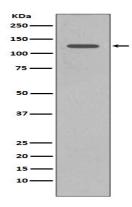
Background

SHIP an SH2-containing inositol phosphatase. A hemopoietic-specific phosphatase that regulates cell survival, growth, cell cycle arrest and apoptosis. Hydrolyzes Ins(1,3,4,5)P4 and PtdIns(3,4,5)P3. A cytosolic protein with a SH2 domain in its Nterminus and two NPXY Shc binding motifs at its C-terminus. Phosphatidylinositol (PtdIns) phosphatase that specifically hydrolyzes the 5-phosphate of phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate (PtdIns(3,4,5)P3) to produce PtdIns(3,4)P2, thereby negatively regulating the PI3K (phosphoinositide 3-kinase) pathways (PubMed: 8723348, PubMed:10764818, PubMed:8769125). Able also to hydrolyzes the 5-phosphate of phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate (PtdIns(4,5)P3) and inositol 1,3,4,5-tetrakisphosphate (PubMed:9108392, PubMed:10764818, PubMed:8769125). Acts as a negative regulator of B- cell antigen receptor signaling. Mediates signaling from the FC-gamma- RIIB receptor (FCGR2B), playing a central role in terminating signal transduction from activating immune/hematopoietic cell receptor systems. Acts as a negative regulator of myeloid cell proliferation/survival and chemotaxis, mast cell degranulation, immune cells homeostasis, integrin alpha-IIb/beta-3 signaling in platelets and JNK signaling in B-cells. Regulates proliferation of osteoclast precursors, macrophage programming, phagocytosis and activation and is required for endotoxin tolerance. Involved in the control of cell-cell junctions, CD32a signaling in neutrophils and modulation of EGF-induced phospholipase C activity (PubMed: kgp-number-1 (PubMed: kgp-nu href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16682172" target=" blank">16682172). Key regulator of neutrophil migration, by governing the formation of the leading edge and polarization required for chemotaxis. Modulates FCGR3/CD16mediated cytotoxicity in NK cells. Mediates the activin/TGF-beta-induced apoptosis through its Smad-dependent expression.

Research Area

Image Data

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838



Western blot analysis of SHIP1 expression in Daudi cell lysate.

Note

For research use only.