

# **Product Name: PSD95 (13H1) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: AMRe16592

For research use only.

#### **Summary**

**Description** Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

**Host** Rabbit

Application WB,IHC,IP,IF-P

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Modification** Unmodified

**Isotype** IgG

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Form Liquid

**Concentration** 0.3mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent.

**Storage** Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Shipping** Ice bags

Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% New type **Buffer** 

preservative N and 0.05% protective protein.

**Purification** Affinity purification

## **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:200,IP 1:20-1:50,IF-P 1:50-1:200

Molecular Weight 81kDa

# **Antigen Information**

Gene Name DLG4

Alternative Names DLG4; Disks large homolog 4; PSD95; SAP90; Synapse associated protein 90;

 Gene ID
 1742.0

 SwissProt ID
 P78352

**Immunogen** Recombinant protein of human PSD95

# **Background**

Interacts with the cytoplasmic tail of NMDA receptor subunits and shaker-type potassium channels. Required for synaptic plasticity associated with NMDA receptor signaling. Overexpression or depletion of DLG4 changes the ratio of excitatory to

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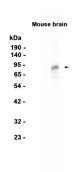


inhibitory synapses in hippocampal neurons. Postsynaptic scaffolding protein that plays a critical role in synaptogenesis and synaptic plasticity by providing a platform for the postsynaptic clustering of crucial synaptic proteins. Interacts with the cytoplasmic tail of NMDA receptor subunits and shaker-type potassium channels. Required for synaptic plasticity associated with NMDA receptor signaling. Overexpression or depletion of DLG4 changes the ratio of excitatory to inhibitory synapses in hippocampal neurons. May reduce the amplitude of ASIC3 acid-evoked currents by retaining the channel intracellularly. May regulate the intracellular trafficking of ADR1B. Also regulates AMPA-type glutamate receptor (AMPAR) immobilization at postsynaptic density keeping the channels in an activated state in the presence of glutamate and preventing synaptic depression.

#### **Research Area**

Huntington's disease;

## **Image Data**



Western blot analysis of extracts from Mouse brain tissue using RM4408 at 1:1000.

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