

Product Name: p62/SQSTM1 (12N5) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog #: AMRe15658

For research use only.

Summary

Description Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

Host Rabbit

ApplicationWB,IHC,ICC/IF,FC,IPReactivityHuman,Mouse,RatConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

Clonality Monoclonal
Form Liquid

Concentration 0.5mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent. **Storage** Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative

Buffer N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw

cycle.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:20-1:100,ICC/IF 1:20-1:50,FC 1:50-1:100,IP 1:20-1:50

Molecular Weight 48kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name SQSTM1

Alternative Names OSIL; Oxidative stress induced like; p60; p62; p62B; Paget disease of bone 3; PDB 3; PDB3;

 Gene ID
 8878.0

 SwissProt ID
 Q13501

Immunogen Recombinant protein of human SQSTM1/p62

Background

Autophagy receptor that interacts directly with both the cargo to become degraded and an autophagy modifier of the MAP1

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

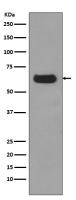


LC3 family. Required both for the formation and autophagic degradation of polyubiquitin-containing bodies, called ALIS (aggresome-like induced structures) and links ALIS to the autophagic machinery. Involved in midbody ring degradation. May regulate the activation of NFKB1 by TNF-alpha, nerve growth factor (NGF) and interleukin-1. Autophagy receptor required for selective macroautophagy (aggrephagy). Functions as a bridge between polyubiquitinated cargo and autophagosomes. Interacts directly with both the cargo to become degraded and an autophagy modifier of the MAP1 LC3 family (PubMed:16286508, PubMed:20168092, PubMed:24128730, PubMed:28404643, PubMed:22622177). Along with WDFY3, involved in the formation and autophagic degradation of cytoplasmic ubiquitin-containing inclusions (p62 bodies, ALIS/aggresome-like induced structures). Along with WDFY3, required to recruit ubiquitinated proteins to PML bodies in the nucleus (PubMed:24128730, PubMed:20168092). May regulate the activation of NFKB1 by TNF-alpha, nerve growth factor (NGF) and interleukin-1. May play a role in titin/TTN downstream signaling in muscle cells. May regulate signaling cascades through ubiquitination. Adapter that mediates the interaction between TRAF6 and CYLD (By similarity). May be involved in cell differentiation, apoptosis, immune response and regulation of K(+) channels. Involved in endosome organization by retaining vesicles in the perinuclear cloud: following ubiquitination by RNF26, attracts specific vesicle-associated adapters, forming a molecular bridge that restrains cognate vesicles in the perinuclear region and organizes the endosomal pathway for efficient cargo transport (PubMed:27368102). Promotes relocalization of 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitinated STING1 to autophagosomes (PubMed:29496741). Acts as an activator of the NFE2L2/NRF2 pathway via interaction with KEAP1: interaction inactivates the BCR(KEAP1) complex, promoting nuclear accumulation of NFE2L2/NRF2 and subsequent expression of cytoprotective genes (PubMed:20452972, PubMed:28380357).

Research Area

Signal Transduction

Image Data



Western blot analysis of p62/SQSTM1 expression in SKBR-3 cell lysate.

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838