

# **Product Name:** Lipocalin-2 (19M14) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog #: AMRe13328

For research use only.

#### **Summary**

**Description** Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

**Host** Rabbit

Application WB,IHC,ICC/IF

**Reactivity** Human

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

**Isotype** IgG

Clonality Monoclonal
Form Liquid

**Concentration** 0.5mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent. **Storage** Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Shipping** Ice bags

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative

Buffer N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw

cycle.

**Purification** Affinity purification

## **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** WB 1:1000-1:5000,IHC 1:100-1:200,ICC/IF 1:100-1:200

Molecular Weight 23kDa

## **Antigen Information**

Gene Name LCN2

LCN2; 24p3; MSFI; NGAL; Lipocalin-2; p25; Siderocalin; SV40 induced 24P3 protein;

Alternative Names
Uterocalin;

 Gene ID
 3934.0

 SwissProt ID
 P80188

Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human Lipocalin-2/NGAL

## **Background**

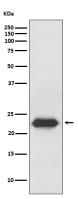


Lipocalin-2 is involved in innate immunity, iron homeostasis, and apoptosis. Lipocalin-2 limits bacterial growth by binding to bacterial siderophores and sequestering iron. Binds iron through association with 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,5-DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending on the context. Iron-trafficking protein involved in multiple processes such as apoptosis, innate immunity and renal development (PubMed:12453413, PubMed:27780864, PubMed:20581821). Binds iron through association with 2,3-dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,3-DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending on the context. Iron-bound form (holo-24p3) is internalized following binding to the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor, leading to release of iron and subsequent increase of intracellular iron concentration. In contrast, association of the iron- free form (apo-24p3) with the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor is followed by association with an intracellular siderophore, iron chelation and iron transfer to the extracellular medium, thereby reducing intracellular iron concentration. Involved in apoptosis due to interleukin-3 (IL3) deprivation: iron-loaded form increases intracellular iron concentration without promoting apoptosis, while iron-free form decreases intracellular iron levels, inducing expression of the proapoptotic protein BCL2L11/BIM, resulting in apoptosis (By similarity). Involved in innate immunity; limits bacterial proliferation by sequestering iron bound to microbial siderophores, such as enterobactin (PubMed:27780864). Can also bind siderophores from M.tuberculosis (PubMed:15642259, PubMed:21978368).

#### **Research Area**

Immunology

#### **Image Data**



Western blot analysis of Lipocalin-2 expression in SW480 cell lysate.

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