

Product Name: EDG2 (4G14) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog #: AMRe10297

For research use only.

Summary

Description Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC,IP,IF-P

Reactivity Human

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

Clonality Monoclonal
Form Liquid

Concentration 0.5mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent.

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative

Buffer N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw

cycle.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:1000-1:5000,IHC 1:100-1:200,IP 1:10-1:100,IF-P 1:100-1:200

Molecular Weight 41kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name LPAR1

Lysophosphatidic acid receptor 1; LPA receptor 1; LPA-1; Lysophosphatidic acid receptor Alternative Names

Edg-2; LPAR1; EDG2; LPA1;

 Gene ID
 1902.0

 SwissProt ID
 Q92633

Immunogen A synthetic peptide of human EDG2

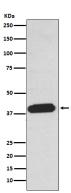
Background



Receptor for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA), a mediator of diverse cellular activities. Seems to be coupled to the G(i)/G(o), G(12)/G(13), and G(q) families of heteromeric G proteins. Stimulates phospholipase C (PLC) activity in a manner that is dependent on RALA activation. Receptor for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) (PubMed:9070858, PubMed:19306925, PubMed:25025571, PubMed:26091040). Plays a role in the reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton, cell migration, differentiation and proliferation, and thereby contributes to the responses to tissue damage and infectious agents. Activates downstream signaling cascades via the G(i)/G(o), G(12)/G(13), and G(q) families of heteromeric G proteins. Signaling inhibits adenylyl cyclase activity and decreases cellular cAMP levels (PubMed:26091040). Signaling triggers an increase of cytoplasmic Ca(2+) levels (PubMed:19656035, PubMed:19733258, PubMed:26091040). Activates RALA; this leads to the activation of phospholipase C (PLC) and the formation of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (PubMed:19306925). Signaling mediates activation of down-stream MAP kinases (By similarity). Contributes to the regulation of cell shape. Promotes Rho-dependent reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton in neuronal cells and neurite retraction (PubMed:26091040). Promotes the activation of Rho and the formation of actin stress fibers (PubMed:26091040). Promotes formation of lamellipodia at the leading edge of migrating cells via activation of RAC1 (By similarity). Through its function as lysophosphatidic acid receptor, plays a role in chemotaxis and cell migration, including responses to injury and wounding (PubMed:18066075, PubMed:19656035, PubMed:19733258). Plays a role in triggering inflammation in response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) via its interaction with CD14. Promotes cell proliferation in response to lysophosphatidic acid. Required for normal skeleton development. May play a role in osteoblast differentiation. Required for normal brain development. Required for normal proliferation, survival and maturation of newly formed neurons in the adult dentate gyrus. Plays a role in pain perception and in the initiation of neuropathic pain (By similarity).

Research Area

Image Data



Western blot analysis of EDG2 expression in A375 cell lysate.

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