

Product Name: Phospho-SIRT1 (T530) (4C14) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMRe06007**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB
Reactivity	Human
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phosphorylated
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	0.5mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent.
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% New type preservative N and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:1000-1:5000
Molecular Weight	82kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	SIRT1
Alternative Names	NAD-dependent protein deacetylase sirtuin-1; hSIRT1; Regulatory protein SIR2 homolog 1; SIR2-like protein 1; hSIR2; SirtT1 75 kDa fragment; 75SirT1; SIRT1; SIR2L1;
Gene ID	23411.0
SwissProt ID	Q96EB6
Immunogen	A synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr530 of human SIRT1

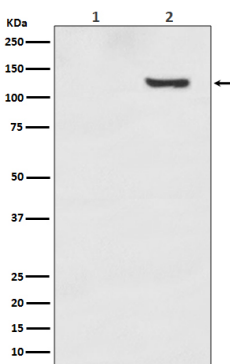
Background

The Silent Information Regulator (SIR2) family of genes is a highly conserved group of genes that encode nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD)-dependent protein deacetylases, also known as class III histone deacetylases. SirT1 deacetylase activity is inhibited by nicotinamide and activated by resveratrol. NAD-dependent protein deacetylase that links transcriptional regulation directly to intracellular energetics and participates in the coordination of several separated cellular functions such as cell cycle, response to DNA damage, metabolism, apoptosis and autophagy. During the neurogenic transition, represses selective NOTCH1-target genes through histone deacetylation in a BCL6-dependent manner and leading to neuronal differentiation.

Research Area

Cell Biology

Image Data



Western blot analysis of Phospho-SIRT1 (T530) expression in (1) 293T cell lysate; (2) 293T cell treated with Calyculin A.