

**Product Name: UFD1 Rabbit Monoclonal antibody****Catalog #: AMRe02744**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal Antibody
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	0.52mg/ml. The concentration of this product may be batch-dependent.
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purified

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:1000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Calculated MW: 35 kDa; Observed MW: 40 kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	UFD1
<b>Alternative Names</b>	UFD1L
<b>Gene ID</b>	7353
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q92890
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide of human UFD1L

**Background**

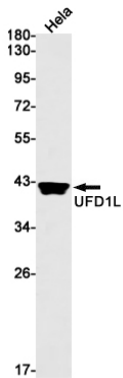
Essential component of the ubiquitin-dependent proteolytic pathway which degrades ubiquitin fusion proteins. The ternary complex containing UFD1, VCP and NPLOC4 binds ubiquitinated proteins and is necessary for the export of misfolded proteins

from the ER to the cytoplasm, where they are degraded by the proteasome. The NPLOC4-UFD1-VCP complex regulates spindle disassembly at the end of mitosis and is necessary for the formation of a closed nuclear envelope. It may be involved in the development of some ectoderm-derived structures . Acts as a negative regulator of type I interferon production via the complex formed with VCP and NPLOC4, which binds to DDX58/RIG-I and recruits RNF125 to promote ubiquitination and degradation of DDX58/RIG-I (PubMed:26471729).

## Research Area

Cell Biology

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of UFD1L in HeLa lysates using UFD1 antibody.