Product Name: Bak Rabbit Monoclonal antibody

Catalog #: AMRe01714



Summary

Production Name Bak Rabbit Monoclonal antibody

Description Recombinant rabbit monoclonal antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,IHC,IP
Reactivity Human

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype lgG

Clonality Monoclonal Antibody

Form Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% **Buffer**

protective protein

Purification Affinity Purified

Immunogen

Gene Name BAK1

BAK1; BAK; BCL2L7; CDN1; Bcl-2 homologous antagonist/killer; Apoptosis regulator Alternative Names

BAK; Bcl-2-like protein 7; Bcl2-L-7

Gene ID 578 **SwissProt ID** Q16611.

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:1000,IHC 1:50-1:100,IP 1:20-1:50

Molecular Weight Calculated MW: 23 kDa; Observed MW: 23 kDa

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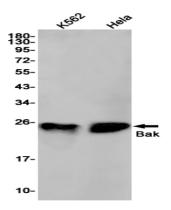
Background

Bak is a proapoptotic member of the Bcl-2 family. This protein is located on the outer membrane of mitochondria and is an essential component for transduction of apoptotic signals through the mitochondrial pathway. Upon apoptotic stimulation, an upstream stimulator like truncated BID (tBID) induces conformational changes in Bak to form oligomer channels in the mitochondrial membrane for cytochrome c release. The release of cytochrome c to the cytosol activates the caspase-9 pathway and eventually leads to cell death.

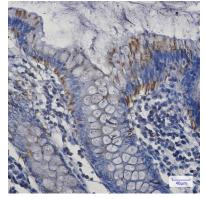
Research Area

Cell Biology

Image Data



Western blot analysis of Bak in K562, Hela lysates using Bak antibody.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer using Bak antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.

Note

For research use only.