

Product Name: V-ATPase D1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab19736

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Unmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000

Molecular Weight 40kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name ATP6V0D1

ATP6V0D1; ATP6D; VPATPD; V-type proton ATPase subunit d 1; V-ATPase subunit d 1; 32

Alternative Names kDa accessory protein; V-ATPase 40 kDa accessory protein; V-ATPase AC39 subunit; p39;

Vacuolar proton pump subunit d 1

 Gene ID
 9114.0

 SwissProt ID
 P61421

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human V-ATPase D1.

Immunogen
AA range:221-270

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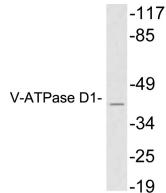
Background

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c'', and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This encoded protein is known as the D subunit and is found ubiquitously. [profunction:Subunit of the integral membrane V0 complex of vacuolar ATPase. Vacuolar ATPase is responsible for acidifying a variety of intracellular compartments in eukaryotic cells, thus providing most of the energy required for transport processes in the vacuolar system. May play a role in coupling of proton transport and ATP hydrolysis.,similarity:Belongs to the V-ATPase V0D/AC39 subunit family.,subunit:V-ATPase is an heteromultimeric enzyme composed of a peripheral catalytic V1 complex (components A to H) attached to an integral membrane V0 proton pore complex (components: a, c, c', c'' and d), tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,

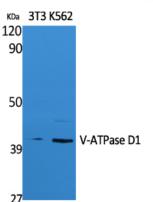
Research Area

Oxidative phosphorylation;Lysosome;Vibrio cholerae infection;Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;

Image Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using V-ATPase D1 antibody.



Western Blot analysis of extracts from NIH-3T3, K562 cells, using V-ATPase D1 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

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