Product Name: UBR5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog #: APRab19585
For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Molecular Weight	309kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	UBR5
Alternative Names	UBR5; EDD; EDD1; HYD; KIAA0896; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UBR5; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase; HECT domain-containing 1; Hyperplastic discs protein homolog; hHYD; Progestin-induced protein
Gene ID	51366.0
SwissProt ID	O95071
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human EDD. AA range:1-50

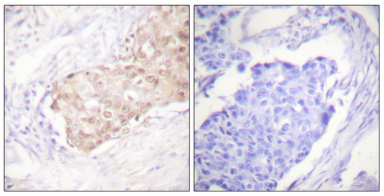
Background

This gene encodes a progestin-induced protein, which belongs to the HECT (homology to E6-AP carboxyl terminus) family. The HECT family proteins function as E3 ubiquitin-protein ligases, targeting specific proteins for ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis. This gene is localized to chromosome 8q22 which is disrupted in a variety of cancers. This gene potentially has a role in regulation of cell proliferation or differentiation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],function:E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which is a component of the N-end rule pathway. Recognizes and binds to proteins bearing specific amino-terminal residues that are destabilizing according to the N-end rule, leading to their ubiquitination and subsequent degradation (By similarity). May be involved in maturation and/or transcriptional regulation of mRNA. May play a role in control of cell cycle progression. May have tumor suppressor function. Regulates DNA topoisomerase II binding protein (TopBP1) in the DNA damage response. Plays an essential role in extraembryonic development.,miscellaneous:A cysteine residue is required for ubiquitin-thioester formation.,pathway:Protein modification; protein ubiquitination.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Contains 1 HECT (E6AP-type E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PABC domain.,similarity:Contains 1 UBR-type zinc finger.,subunit:Binds TOPBP1.,tissue specificity:Widely expressed. Most abundant in testis and expressed at high levels in brain, pituitary and kidney.,

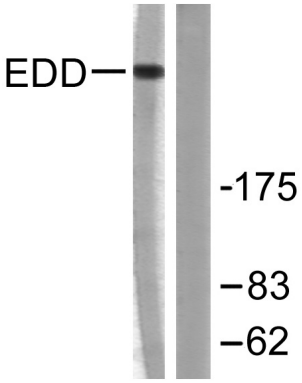
Research Area

Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis;

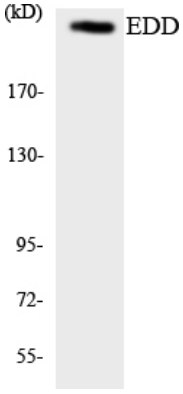
Image Data



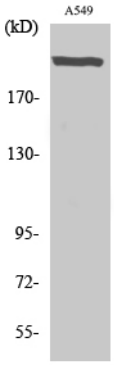
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using EDD Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from A549 cells, using EDD Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from K562 cells using EDD antibody.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using UBR5 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit （SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA）.