

Product Name: UBE1L Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab19516

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity Human,Rat,Mouse
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Unmodified

Isotype IgG

Clonality Polyclonal
Form Liquid
Concentration 1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000

Molecular Weight 112kDa

Antigen Information

Alternative Names

Gene Name UBA7

UBA7; UBE1L; UBE2; Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 7; Ubiquitin-activating

enzyme 7; D8; Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1 homolog

Gene ID 7318.0 **SwissProt ID** P41226

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human UBE1L. AA Immunogen

range:963-1012

Background

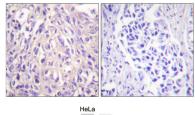


The modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism for targeting abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three classes of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes, or E1s, ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, or E2s, and ubiquitin-protein ligases, or E3s. This gene encodes a member of the E1 ubiquitin-activating enzyme family. The encoded enzyme is a retinoid target that triggers promyelocytic leukemia (PML)/retinoic acid receptor alpha (RARalpha) degradation and apoptosis in acute promyelocytic leukemia, where it is involved in the conjugation of the ubiquitin-like interferon-stimulated gene 15 protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],function:Activates ubiquitin by first adenylating with ATP its C-terminal glycine residue and thereafter linking this residue to the side chain of a cysteine residue in E1, yielding an ubiquitin-E1 thioester and free AMP.,miscellaneous:There are two active sites within the E1 molecule, allowing it to accommodate two ubiquitin moieties at a time, with a new ubiquitin forming an adenylate intermediate as the previous one is transferred to the thiol site.,pathway:Protein modification; protein ubiquitination.,similarity:Belongs to the ubiquitinactivating E1 family.,subunit:Monomer (By similarity). Binds and is involved in the conjugation of G1P2/ISG15.,tissue specificity:Expressed in a variety of normal and tumor cell types, but is reduced in lung cancer cell lines.,

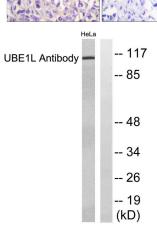
Research Area

Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis; Parkinson's disease;

Image Data



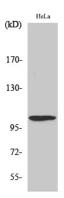
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using UBE1L Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using UBE1L Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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Western Blot analysis of various cells using UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

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