

Product Name: Rab 3 GAP p130 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab16749**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Rat,Mouse
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:20000-1:40000
Molecular Weight	117kDa

Antigen Information

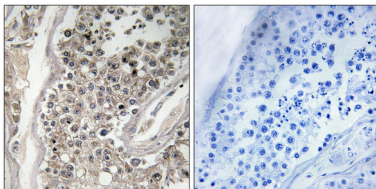
Gene Name	RAB3GAP1
Alternative Names	RAB3GAP1; KIAA0066; RAB3GAP; Rab3 GTPase-activating protein catalytic subunit; RAB3 GTPase-activating protein 130 kDa subunit; Rab3-GAP p130; Rab3-GAP
Gene ID	22930.0
SwissProt ID	Q15042
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human RAB3GAP1. AA range:538-587

Background

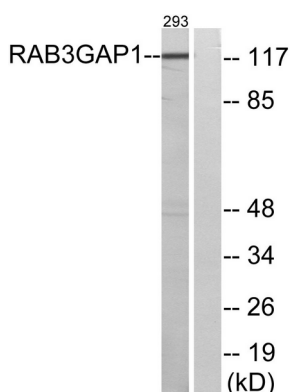
This gene encodes the catalytic subunit of a Rab GTPase activating protein. The encoded protein forms a heterodimer with a non-catalytic subunit to specifically regulate the activity of members of the Rab3 subfamily of small G proteins. This protein mediates the hydrolysis of GTP bound Rab3 to the GDP bound form. Mutations in this gene are associated with Warburg micro syndrome. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, Feb 2010],disease:Defects in RAB3GAP1 are the cause of Warburg micro syndrome 1 (WARBM1) [MIM:600118]. WARBM1 is a severe autosomal recessive disorder characterized by developmental abnormalities of the eye and central nervous system and by microgenitalia.,function:Probable catalytic subunit of a GTPase activating protein that has specificity for Rab3 subfamily (RAB3A, RAB3B, RAB3C and RAB3D). Rab3 proteins are involved in regulated exocytosis of neurotransmitters and hormones. Specifically converts active Rab3-GTP to the inactive form Rab3-GDP. Required for normal eye and brain development. May participate in neurodevelopmental processes such as proliferation, migration and differentiation before synapse formation, and non-synaptic vesicular release of neurotransmitters.,similarity:Belongs to the Rab3-GAP catalytic subunit family.,subcellular location:In neurons, it is enriched in the synaptic soluble fraction.,subunit:The Rab3 GTPase-activating complex is a heterodimer composed of RAB3GAP and RAB3-GAP150. The Rab3 GTPase-activating complex interacts with DMXL2.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,

Research Area

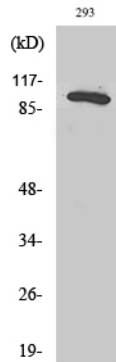
Image Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human testis tissue, using RAB3GAP1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells, using RAB3GAP1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Rab 3 GAP p130 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000