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**Product Name: PLCE1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody****Catalog #: APRab16256**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	IHC, ICC/IF
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat, Mouse
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	IHC 1:50-1:300, ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	253kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	PLCE1
<b>Alternative Names</b>	KIAA1516 PLCE PPLC
<b>Gene ID</b>	51196.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q9P212
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein

**Background**

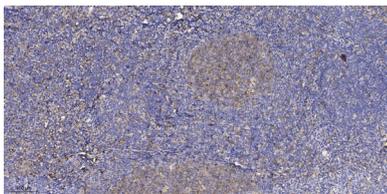
This gene encodes a phospholipase enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolysis of phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate to generate two second messengers: inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate (IP3) and diacylglycerol (DAG). These second messengers subsequently regulate various processes affecting cell growth, differentiation, and gene expression. This enzyme is regulated by small

monomeric GTPases of the Ras and Rho families and by heterotrimeric G proteins. In addition to its phospholipase C catalytic activity, this enzyme has an N-terminal domain with guanine nucleotide exchange (GEF) activity. Mutations in this gene cause early-onset nephrotic syndrome; characterized by proteinuria, edema, and diffuse mesangial sclerosis or focal and segmental glomerulosclerosis. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009],catalytic activity:1-phosphatidyl-1D-myo-inositol 4,5-bisphosphate + H(2)O = 1D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate + diacylglycerol.,cofactor:Calcium.,disease:Defects in PLCE1 are the cause of nephrotic syndrome type 3 (NPHS3) [MIM:610725]; also called early-onset nephrotic syndrome type 3. Nephrotic syndrome, a malfunction of the kidney glomerular filter, leads to proteinuria, hypoalbuminemia, edema. End-stage kidney disease is observed in steroid-resistant nephrotic syndrome.,domain:The Ras-associating domain 1 is degenerated and may not bind HRAS. The Ras-associating domain 2 mediates interaction with GTP-bound HRAS, RAP1A, RAP2A and RAP2B and recruitment of HRAS to the cell membrane.,domain:The Ras-GEF domain has a GEF activity towards HRAS and RAP1A. Mediates activation of the mitogen-activated protein kinase pathway.,enzyme regulation:Activated by the heterotrimeric G-protein subunits GNA12, GNA13 and GNB1-GNG2. Activated by HRAS, RAP1A, RHOA, RHOB, RHOC, RRAS and RRAS2. Activated by the G(s)-coupled GPCRs ADRB2, PTGER1 and CHRM3 through cyclic-AMP formation and RAP2B activation. Inhibited by G(i)-coupled GPCRs.,function:The production of the second messenger molecules diacylglycerol (DAG) and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) is mediated by activated phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C enzymes. PLCE1 is a bifunctional enzyme which also regulates small GTPases of the Ras superfamily through its Ras guanine-exchange factor (RasGEF) activity. As an effector of heterotrimeric and small G-protein, it may play a role in cell survival, cell growth, actin organization and T-cell activation.,induction:Overexpressed during heart failure.,similarity:Contains 1 C2 domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PI-PLC X-box domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PI-PLC Y-box domain.,similarity:Contains 1 Ras-GEF domain.,similarity:Contains 2 Ras-associating domains.,subcellular location:Recruited to plasma membrane by activated HRAS and RAP2. Recruited to perinuclear membrane by activated RAP1A. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 associates with Golgi membranes.,subunit:Interacts with RHOA (By similarity). Interacts with IQGAP1, HRAS, RAP1A, RAP2A, RAP2B and RRAS.,tissue specificity:Widely expressed. Isoform 1 is broadly expressed and only absent in peripheral blood leukocytes. Isoform 2 is specifically expressed in placenta, lung and spleen.,

## Research Area

Inositol phosphate metabolism;Calcium;Phosphatidylinositol signaling system;

## Image Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4° overnight) . 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min) .