# **Product Name: PKR Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab16228



#### **Summary**

**Production Name** PKR Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Description** Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Host** Rabbit

**Application** WB,IHC-P,IF-P,IF-F,ICC/IF,ELISA

**Reactivity** Human,Rat,Mouse

### **Performance**

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

**Isotype** IgG

Clonality Polyclonal Form Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer** 

preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

#### **Immunogen**

Gene Name EIF2AK2

EIF2AK2; PKR; PRKR; Interferon-induced; double-stranded RNA-activated protein

Alternative Names kinase; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2-alpha kinase 2; eIF-2A protein kinase 2;

Interferon-inducible RNA-dependent protein kinase; P1/eIF-2A protein k

**Gene ID** 5610.0

P19525.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SwissProt ID

PKR. AA range:413-462

## **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC-P 1:100-1:300, ELISA 1:20000, IF-P/IF-F/ICC/IF 1:50-200

Molecular Weight 74kDa

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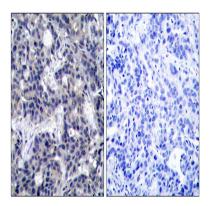


### **Background**

The protein encoded by this gene is a serine/threonine protein kinase that is activated by autophosphorylation after binding to dsRNA. The activated form of the encoded protein can phosphorylate translation initiation factor EIF2S1, which in turn inhibits protein synthesis. This protein is also activated by manganese ions and heparin. Three transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2011], catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein, enzyme regulation: Activity is markedly stimulated by manganese ions. Besides dsRNA, heparin is a potent activator of the kinase. Binding to dsRNA is required for dimerization leading to autophosphorylation in the activation loop and stimulation of function. Inhibited by vaccinia virus protein E3, probably via dsRNA sequestering, function: Following activation by double-stranded RNA in the presence of ATP, the kinase becomes autophosphorylated and can catalyze the phosphorylation of the translation initiation factor EIF2S1, which leads to an inhibition of the initiation of protein synthesis. Double-stranded RNA is generated during the course of a viral infection.,induction:By interferon.,PTM:Autophosphorylated on several Ser and Thr residues. Autophosphorylation of Thr-451 is dependent on Thr-446 and is stimulated by dsRNA binding and dimerization. Autophosphorylation apparently leads to the activation of the kinase, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Ser/Thr protein kinase family. GCN2 subfamily., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain., similarity: Contains 2 DRBM (double-stranded RNA-binding) domains., subunit: Homodimer. Interacts with STRBP (By similarity). Interacts with DNAJC3. Inhibited by direct interaction with viral proteins such as HCV E2, HCV NS5A and influenza A NS1. Activated by the interaction with HIV-1 Tat.,

#### **Research Area**

#### **Image Data**



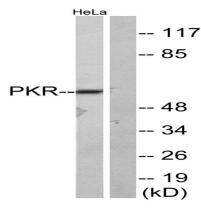
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using PKR Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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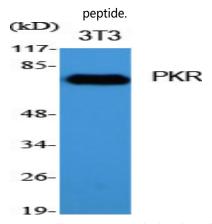
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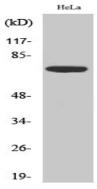




Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa, using PKR Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized



Western Blot analysis of various cells using PKR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000



Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using PKR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000

### Note

For research use only.