

Product Name: LIR-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab13332

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,IHC

Reactivity Human,Rat,Mouse
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Unmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300

Molecular Weight 72kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name LILRB1

LILRB1; ILT2; LIR1; MIR7; Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor subfamily B member 1;

LIR-1; Leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor 1; CD85 antigen-like family member J; Alternative Names

Immunoglobulin-like transcript 2; ILT-2; Monocyte/macrophage immunoglobulin-like

receptor 7; MIR-7; CD85j

 Gene ID
 10859.0

 SwissProt ID
 Q8NHL6

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the N-terminal Immunogen

region of human LILRB1. AA range:21-70

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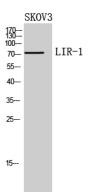
Background

This gene is a member of the leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor (LIR) family, which is found in a gene cluster at chromosomal region 19q13.4. The encoded protein belongs to the subfamily B class of LIR receptors which contain two or four extracellular immunoglobulin domains, a transmembrane domain, and two to four cytoplasmic immunoreceptor tyrosinebased inhibitory motifs (ITIMs). The receptor is expressed on immune cells where it binds to MHC class I molecules on antigenpresenting cells and transduces a negative signal that inhibits stimulation of an immune response. It is thought to control inflammatory responses and cytotoxicity to help focus the immune response and limit autoreactivity. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], domain: Contains 4 copies of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases., function: Receptor for class I MHC antigens. Recognizes a broad spectrum of HLA-A, HLA-B, HLA-C and HLA-G alleles. Receptor for H301/UL18, a human cytomegalovirus class I MHC homolog. Ligand binding results in inhibitory signals and down-regulation of the immune response. Engagement of LILRB1 present on natural killer cells or T-cells by class I MHC molecules protects the target cells from lysis. Interaction with HLA-B or HLA-E leads to inhibition of the signal triggered by FCER1A and inhibits serotonin release. Inhibits FCGR1A-mediated phosphorylation of cellular proteins and mobilization of intracellular calcium ions., PTM: Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. Dephosphorylated by PTPN6., similarity: Contains 4 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains,,subunit:Binds PTPN6 when phosphorylated. Binds FCER1A and FCGR1A,,tissue specificity:Expressed predominantly on B-cells and monocytes, and at lower levels on dendritic cells. Detected on a low percentage of T-cells and natural killer (NK) cells.,

Research Area

Immunology

Image Data



Western Blot analysis of SKOV3 cells using LIR-1 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

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