
Product Name: Lambda 5 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab13187**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Rat,Mouse
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000
Molecular Weight	23kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	IGLL1 IGLL1; IGL1; Immunoglobulin lambda-like polypeptide 1; CD179 antigen-like family member
Alternative Names	B; Ig lambda-5; Immunoglobulin omega polypeptide; Immunoglobulin-related protein 14.1; CD179b
Gene ID	3543.0
SwissProt ID	P15814
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human IGLL1. AA range:151-200

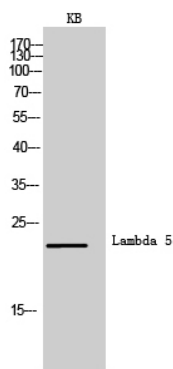
Background

immunoglobulin lambda like polypeptide 1 (IGLL1) Homo sapiens The preB cell receptor is found on the surface of proB and preB cells, where it is involved in transduction of signals for cellular proliferation, differentiation from the proB cell to the preB cell stage, allelic exclusion at the Ig heavy chain gene locus, and promotion of Ig light chain gene rearrangements. The preB cell receptor is composed of a membrane-bound Ig mu heavy chain in association with a heterodimeric surrogate light chain. This gene encodes one of the surrogate light chain subunits and is a member of the immunoglobulin gene superfamily. This gene does not undergo rearrangement. Mutations in this gene can result in B cell deficiency and agammaglobulinemia, an autosomal recessive disease in which few or no gamma globulins or antibodies are made. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],disease:Defects in IGLL1 are a cause of autosomal recessive non-Bruton type agammaglobulinemia [MIM:601495]. It is characterized by agammaglobulinemia and markedly reduced numbers of B cells.,online information:IGLL1 mutation db,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like C1-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,subunit:Associates non-covalently with VPREB1.,tissue specificity:Expressed only in pre-B-cells and a special B-cell line (which is surface Ig negative),.

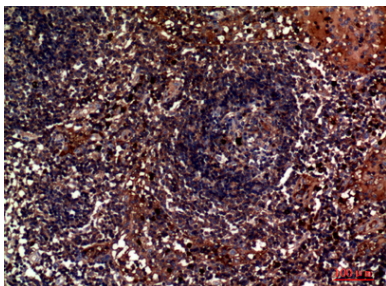
Research Area

Primary immunodeficiency;

Image Data



Western Blot analysis of KB cells using Lambda 5 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-lymph, antibody was diluted at 1:100