

Product Name: GSC2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog #: APRab11810

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Unmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000

Molecular Weight 25kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name GSC2

GSC2; GSCL; Homeobox protein goosecoid-like;

Alternative Names

GSC-L

 Gene ID
 2928.0

 SwissProt ID
 O15499

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human GSC2. AA Immunogen

range:131-180

Background



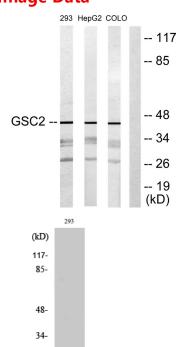
Goosecoidlike (GSCL), a homeodomain-containing gene, resides in the critical region for VCFS/DGS on 22q11. Velocardiofacial syndrome (VCFS) is a developmental disorder characterized by conotruncal heart defects, craniofacial anomalies, and learning disabilities. VCFS is phenotypically related to DiGeorge syndrome (DGS) and both syndromes are associated with hemizygous 22q11 deletions. Because many of the tissues and structures affected in VCFS/DGS derive from the pharyngeal arches of the developing embryo, it is believed that haploinsufficiency of a gene involved in embryonic development may be responsible for its etiology. The gene is expressed in a limited number of adult tissues, as well as in early human development. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],developmental stage:Expressed in early human development as well as in a limited number of adult tissues, disease:May play a part in the etiology of the velocardiofacial/DiGeorge syndrome (VCFS/DGS), a developmental disorder characterized by structural and functional palate anomalies, conotruncal cardiac malformations, immunodeficiency, hypocalcemia, and typical facial anomalies. Most cases result from a deletion of chromosome 22q11.2 (the DiGeorge syndrome chromosome region, or DGCR), function:May have a role in development. May regulate its own transcription. May bind the bicoid consensus sequence TAATCC, similarity:Belongs to the paired homeobox family. Bicoid subfamily, similarity:Contains 1 homeobox DNA-binding domain, tissue specificity:Detected in adult testis and pituitary, and in 9-10 week fetal tissue (thorax). Probably expressed in other tissues at low levels.,

Research Area

Image Data

26-

19-



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293, HepG2, and COLO205 cells, using GSC2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Western Blot analysis of various cells using GSC2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).

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