

## **Product Name: GLI-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab11462

For research use only.

#### **Summary**

**Description** Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Unmodified

**Isotype** IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

**Storage** Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Shipping** Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer** 

preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

### **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000

Molecular Weight 120kDa

# **Antigen Information**

Gene Name GLI1 GLI

Alternative Names Zinc finger protein GLI1 (Glioma-associated oncogene) (Oncogene GLI)

 Gene ID
 2735.0

 SwissProt ID
 P08151

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human GLI-1. at AA range: 460-490

# **Background**

This gene encodes a member of the Kruppel family of zinc finger proteins. The encoded transcription factor is activated by the sonic hedgehog signal transduction cascade and regulates stem cell proliferation. The activity and nuclear localization of this

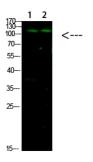


protein is negatively regulated by p53 in an inhibitory loop. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009], disease:Defects in GLI1 may be a cause of breast cancer., function:May regulate the transcription of specific genes during normal development. May play a role in craniofacial development and digital development, as well as development of the central nervous system and gastrointestinal tract. Mediates SHH signaling and thus cell proliferation and differentiation., induction:Amplified in glioblastoma cells., similarity:Belongs to the GLI C2H2-type zinc-finger protein family., similarity:Contains 5 C2H2-type zinc fingers., subcellular location:Tethered in the cytoplasm by binding to SUFU. Activation and translocation to the nucleus is promoted by interaction with STK36., tissue specificity:Testis, myometrium and fallopian tube.,

#### Research Area

Hedgehog; Pathways in cancer; Basal cell carcinoma;

#### **Image Data**



Western Blot analysis of 1,mouse-liver 2,hela cells using GLI-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000 (4°C overnight) . Secondary antibody: Goat Antirabbit IgG IRDye 800 (diluted at 1:5000, 25°C, 1 hour)

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838