

Product Name: Fnk Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab11058**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000
Molecular Weight	70kDa

Antigen Information

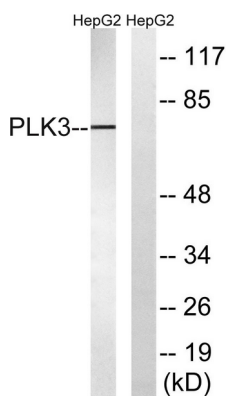
Gene Name	PLK3
Alternative Names	PLK3; CNK; FNK; PRK; Serine/threonine-protein kinase PLK3; Cytokine-inducible serine/threonine-protein kinase; FGF-inducible kinase; Polo-like kinase 3; PLK-3; Proliferation-related kinase
Gene ID	1263.0
SwissProt ID	Q9H4B4
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PLK3. AA range:231-280

Background

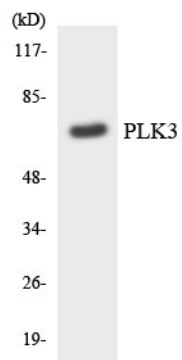
The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the highly conserved polo-like kinase family of serine/threonine kinases. Members of this family are characterized by an amino-terminal kinase domain and a carboxy-terminal bipartite polo box domain that functions as a substrate-binding motif and a cellular localization signal. Polo-like kinases are important regulators of cell cycle progression. This gene has also been implicated in stress responses and double-strand break repair. In human cell lines, this protein is reported to associate with centrosomes in a microtubule-dependent manner, and during mitosis, the protein becomes localized to the mitotic apparatus. Expression of a kinase-defective mutant results in abnormal cell morphology caused by changes in microtubule dynamics and mitotic arrest followed by apoptosis. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015],catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,function:Serine/threonine protein kinase involved in regulating M phase functions during the cell cycle. May also be part of the signaling network controlling cellular adhesion. In vitro, is able to phosphorylate CDC25C and casein.,induction:Cytokine and cellular adhesion trigger FNK induction.,PTM:Phosphorylated as cells enter mitosis and dephosphorylated as cells exit mitosis.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CDC5/Polo subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 POLO box domains.,subunit:Binds to the calcium/integrin-binding protein (CIB). This interaction probably occurs via the POLO-box domain.,tissue specificity:Transcripts are highly detected in placenta, lung, followed by skeletal muscle, heart, pancreas, ovaries and kidney and weakly detected in liver and brain. May have a short half-live. In cells of hematopoietic origin, strongly and exclusively detected in terminally differentiated macrophages. Transcript expression appears to be down-regulated in primary lung tumor.,

Research Area

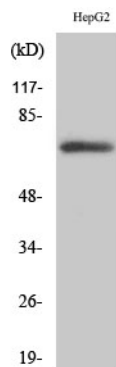
Image Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using PLK3 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from RAW264.7 cells using PLK3 antibody.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Fnk Polyclonal Antibody