Summary

Production Name EphB1/2/3/4 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC-P,IF-P,IF-F,ICC/IF,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name EPHB1

EPHB1; ELK; EPHT2; HEK6; NET; Ephrin type-B receptor 1; ELK; EPH tyrosine kinase 2;

Alternative Names EPH-like kinase 6; EK6; hEK6; Neuronally-expressed EPH-related tyrosine kinase; NET;

Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor EPH-2; EPHB2; DRT; EPHT3; EPTH3; ERK;

Gene ID 2047/2048/2049/2050

P54762/P29323/P54753/P54760.The antiserum was produced against synthesized **SwissProt ID**

peptide derived from human EPHB1/2/3/4. AA range:566-615

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC-P 1:100-1:300, ELISA 1:10000, IF-P/IF-F/ICC/IF 1:50-200

Molecular Weight 118kDa

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

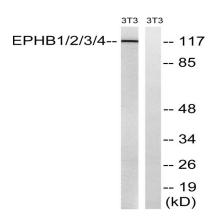
Background

Ephrin receptors and their ligands, the ephrins, mediate numerous developmental processes, particularly in the nervous system. Based on their structures and sequence relationships, ephrins are divided into the ephrin-A (EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a glycosylphosphatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-B (EFNB) class, which are transmembrane proteins. The Eph family of receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. Ephrin receptors make up the largest subgroup of the receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) family. The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for ephrin-B family members. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,function:Receptor for members of the ephrin-B family. Binds to ephrin-B1, -B2 and -B3. May be involved in cell-cell interactions in the nervous system.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Ephrin receptor subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SAM (sterile alpha motif) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 fibronectin type-III domains.,subunit:The ligand-activated form interacts with GRB2, GRB10 and NCK through their respective SH2 domains. The GRB10 SH2 domain binds EPHB1 through Tyr-928, while GRB2 binds residues within the catalytic domain. Interacts with EPHB6. The NCK SH2 domain binds EPHB1 through Tyr-594. Interacts with PRKCABP,,tissue specificity:Preferentially expressed in brain.,

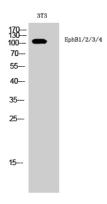
Research Area

Axon guidance;

Image Data



Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, treated with heat shock, using EPHB1/2/3/4 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using EphB1/2/3/4 Polyclonal Antibody

Note

For research use only.