

---

**Product Name: DRP1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody****Catalog #: APRab10165**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	80kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	DNM1L DNM1L; DLP1; DRP1; Dynamin-1-like protein; Dnm1p/Vps1p-like protein; DVLP; Dynamin
<b>Alternative Names</b>	family member proline-rich carboxyl-terminal domain less; Dymple; Dynamin-like protein; Dynamin-like protein 4; Dynamin-like protein IV; HdynIV; Dynamin-rela
<b>Gene ID</b>	10059.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	O00429
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from DRP1 . at AA range: 580-660

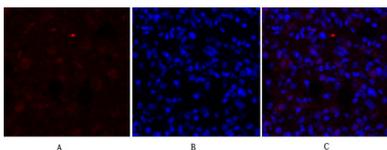
**Background**

This gene encodes a member of the dynamin superfamily of GTPases. The encoded protein mediates mitochondrial and peroxisomal division, and is involved in developmentally regulated apoptosis and programmed necrosis. Dysfunction of this gene is implicated in several neurological disorders, including Alzheimer's disease. Mutations in this gene are associated with the autosomal dominant disorder, encephalopathy, lethal, due to defective mitochondrial and peroxisomal fission (EMPF). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2013], catalytic activity:  $\text{GTP} + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{GDP} + \text{phosphate}$ , function: Functions in mitochondrial and peroxisomal division probably by regulating membrane fission. Enzyme hydrolyzing GTP that oligomerizes to form ring-like structures and is able to remodel membranes. May also play a role on organelles of the secretory pathway, miscellaneous: Isoform 1 and isoform 2 inhibits peroxisomal division when overexpressed while isoform 3 and isoform 4 have no effect, PTM: Phosphorylated by GSK3B, similarity: Belongs to the dynamin family, similarity: Contains 1 GED domain, subcellular location: Mainly cytosolic. Also membrane-associated. Localizes to mitochondria at spots of division events. Associated with peroxisomal membranes, it is recruited in part by PEX11B. May also be associated with endoplasmic reticulum tubules and cytoplasmic vesicles and found to be perinuclear, subunit: Homotetramer; N-terminal part binds to the C-terminal part of another DNM1L. Can self-assemble in multimeric ring-like structures. Interacts with FIS1 (By similarity). Interacts with GSK3B, tissue specificity: Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels found in skeletal muscles, heart, kidney and brain. Isoform 1 is brain-specific while isoform 3 and isoform 4 are predominantly expressed in testis and skeletal muscles respectively. Isoform 2 is weakly expressed in brain, heart and kidney and isoform 5 is dominantly expressed in liver, heart and kidney,.

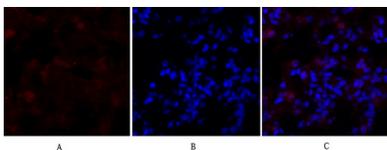
## Research Area

Endocytosis; Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;

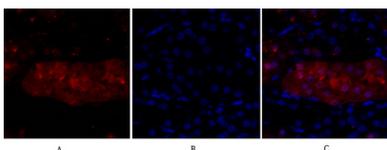
## Image Data



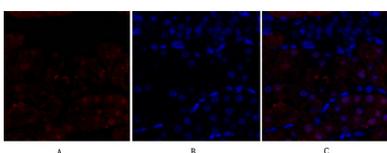
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1, DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) . 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



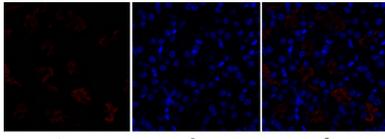
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1, DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) . 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



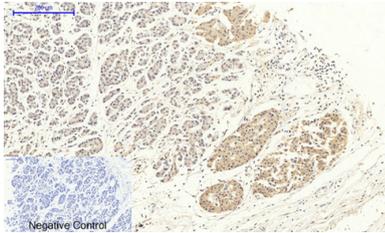
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-kidney tissue. 1, DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) . 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



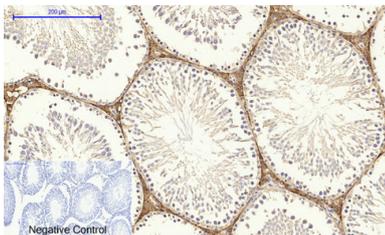
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-kidney tissue. 1, DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) . 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



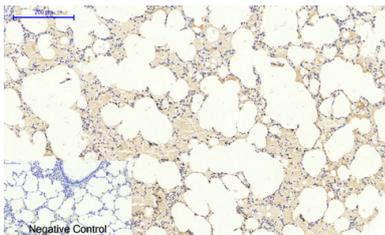
Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse-kidney tissue. 1,DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) .3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



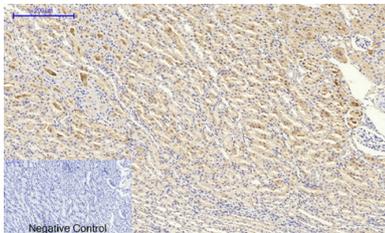
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-stomach-cancer tissue. 1,DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-testis tissue. 1,DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-lung tissue. 1,DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-kidney tissue. 1,DRP1 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.