
Product Name: DcR1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab09846**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Rat,Mouse
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000
Molecular Weight	27kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	TNFRSF10C TNFRSF10C; DCR1; LIT; TRAILR3; TRID; Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10C; Antagonist decoy receptor for TRAIL/Apo-2L; Decoy TRAIL receptor without death domain
Alternative Names	Decoy receptor 1; DcR1; Lymphocyte inhibitor of TRAIL; TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 3; TRAIL receptor 3; TRAIL-R3; TRAIL receptor without an intracellular domain; CD263
Gene ID	8794.0
SwissProt ID	O14798
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of

human TNFRSF10C. AA range:11-60

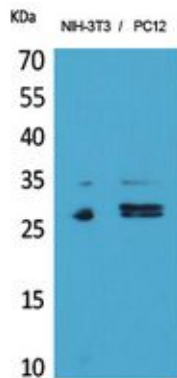
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor contains an extracellular TRAIL-binding domain and a transmembrane domain, but no cytoplasmic death domain. This receptor is not capable of inducing apoptosis, and is thought to function as an antagonistic receptor that protects cells from TRAIL-induced apoptosis. This gene was found to be a p53-regulated DNA damage-inducible gene. The expression of this gene was detected in many normal tissues but not in most cancer cell lines, which may explain the specific sensitivity of cancer cells to the apoptosis-inducing activity of TRAIL. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],function:Receptor for the cytotoxic ligand TRAIL. Lacks a cytoplasmic death domain and hence is not capable of inducing apoptosis. May protect cells against TRAIL mediated apoptosis by competing with TRAIL-R1 and R2 for binding to the ligand.,PTM:N-glycosylated and O-glycosylated.,similarity:Contains 3 TNFR-Cys repeats.,tissue specificity:Higher expression in normal tissues than in tumor cell lines. Highly expressed in peripheral blood lymphocytes, spleen, skeletal muscle, placenta, lung and heart.,

Research Area

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;Apoptosis_Inhibition;Apoptosis_Mitochondrial;Apoptosis_Overview;Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;

Image Data



Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3, PC12 cells using DcR1 Polyclonal Antibody..
Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000