
Product Name: CtBP1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab09491**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000
Molecular Weight	48kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	CTBP1
Alternative Names	CTBP1; CTBP; C-terminal-binding protein 1; CtBP1
Gene ID	1487.0
SwissProt ID	Q13363
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CtBP1. AA range:388-437

Background

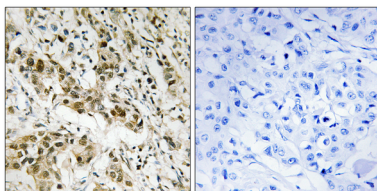
This gene encodes a protein that binds to the C-terminus of adenovirus E1A proteins. This phosphoprotein is a transcriptional

repressor and may play a role during cellular proliferation. This protein and the product of a second closely related gene, CTBP2, can dimerize. Both proteins can also interact with a polycomb group protein complex which participates in regulation of gene expression during development. Alternative splicing of transcripts from this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],cofactor:NAD. Required for efficient interaction with E1A. Cofactor binding induces a conformation change.,function:Involved in controlling the equilibrium between tubular and stacked structures in the Golgi complex (By similarity). Co-repressor targeting diverse transcription regulators such as GLIS2. Has dehydrogenase activity.,PTM:ADP-ribosylated; when cells are exposed to brefeldin-A (BFA).,PTM:Sumoylation on Lys-428 is promoted by the E3 SUMO-protein ligase CBX4.,PTM:The level of phosphorylation appears to be regulated during the cell cycle. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylation by HIPK2 on Ser-422 induces proteasomal degradation.,similarity:Belongs to the D-isomer specific 2-hydroxyacid dehydrogenase family.,subunit:Interacts with the C-terminus of adenovirus E1A protein, ELK3 and CTIP via their consensus motif P-X-[DNS]-L-[STVA]. Can form homodimers or heterodimers of CTBP1 and CTBP2. Interacts with FOXP2, HDAC4, HDAC5 and HDAC9. Interacts with GLIS2 but not GLIS1 or GLIS3 (By similarity). Interacts with FOXP1, HIPK2, PNN and NRIP1. Interacts with ZFH1B and WIZ. Interacts with Epstein-Barr virus EBNA3 and EBNA6.,

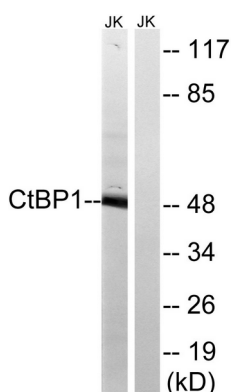
Research Area

WNT;WNT-T CELLNotch;Pathways in cancer;Chronic myeloid leukemia;

Image Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using CtBP1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using CtBP1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Western Blot analysis of Jurkat cells using CtBP1 Polyclonal Antibody

