

# **Product Name: COP1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab09247

For research use only.

## **Summary**

**Description** Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Unmodified

**Isotype** IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

**Storage** Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

**Shipping** Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer** 

preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

## **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:10000-1:20000

Molecular Weight 80kDa

## **Antigen Information**

Gene Name RFWD2

RFWD2; COP1; RNF200; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase RFWD2; Constitutive

Alternative Names photomorphogenesis protein 1 homolog; hCOP1; RING finger and WD repeat domain

protein 2; RING finger protein 200

 Gene ID
 64326.0

 SwissProt ID
 Q8NHY2

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human RFWD2. AA

Immunogen range:661-710

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## **Background**

domain: The RING finger domain, in addition to its role in ubiquitination, functions as a structural scaffold to bring two clusters of positive-charged residues within spatial proximity to mimic a bipartite nuclear localization signal (NLS), function:E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Involved in JUN ubiquitination and degradation. Directly involved in p53 (TP53) ubiquitination and degradation, thereby abolishing p53-dependent transcription and apoptosis. Ubiquitinates p53 independently of MDM2 or RCHY1. Probably mediates E3 ubiquitin ligase activity by functioning as the essential RING domain subunit of larger E3 complexes. In contrast, it does not constitute the catalytic RING subunit in the DCX DET1-COP1 complex that negatively regulates JUN, the ubiquitin ligase activity being mediated by RBX1, induction: By p53/TP53, pathway: Protein modification; protein ubiquitination., similarity: Belongs to the COP1 family., similarity: Contains 1 RING-type zinc finger., similarity: Contains 7 WD repeats., subcellular location: In the nucleus, it forms nuclear speckles., subunit: Homodimer. Homodimerization is mediated by the coiled coil domain. Component of the DCX DET1-COP1 ubiquitin ligase complex at least composed of RBX1, DET1, DDB1, CUL4A and COP1. Isoform 2 does not interact with CUL4A but still binds to RBX1, suggesting that the interaction may be mediated by another culllin protein. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 interact with CUL5 but not with CUL1, CUL2 not CUL3. Interacts with bZIP transcription factors JUN, JUNB and JUND but not with FOS, ATF2 nor XBP1. Interacts with p53 (TP53), tissue specificity:Ubiquitously expressed at low level. Expressed at higher level in testis, placenta, skeletal muscle and heart,,domain:The RING finger domain, in addition to its role in ubiquitination, functions as a structural scaffold to bring two clusters of positive-charged residues within spatial proximity to mimic a bipartite nuclear localization signal (NLS), function:E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Involved in JUN ubiquitination and degradation. Directly involved in p53 (TP53) ubiquitination and degradation, thereby abolishing p53-dependent transcription and apoptosis. Ubiquitinates p53 independently of MDM2 or RCHY1. Probably mediates E3 ubiquitin ligase activity by functioning as the essential RING domain subunit of larger E3 complexes. In contrast, it does not constitute the catalytic RING subunit in the DCX DET1-COP1 complex that negatively regulates JUN, the ubiquitin ligase activity being mediated by RBX1, induction: By p53/TP53, pathway: Protein modification; protein ubiquitination., similarity: Belongs to the COP1 family., similarity: Contains 1 RING-type zinc finger., similarity: Contains 7 WD repeats., subcellular location: In the nucleus, it forms nuclear speckles., subunit: Homodimer. Homodimerization is mediated by the coiled coil domain. Component of the DCX DET1-COP1 ubiquitin ligase complex at least composed of RBX1, DET1, DDB1, CUL4A and COP1. Isoform 2 does not interact with CUL4A but still binds to RBX1, suggesting that the interaction may be mediated by another culllin protein. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 interact with CUL5 but not with CUL1, CUL2 not CUL3. Interacts with bZIP transcription factors JUN, JUNB and JUND but not with FOS, ATF2 nor XBP1. Interacts with p53 (TP53), tissue specificity: Ubiquitously expressed at low level. Expressed at higher level in testis, placenta, skeletal muscle and heart.,

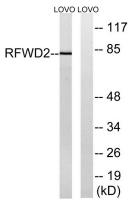
#### **Research Area**

p53;Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis;

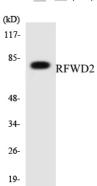
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# **Image Data**



Western blot analysis of lysates from LOVO cells, using RFWD2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HepG2 cells using RFWD2 antibody.

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