
Product Name: CaMKIV Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab07892**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Molecular Weight	60kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	CAMK4
Alternative Names	CAMK4; CAMK; CAMK-GR; CAMKIV; Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type IV; CaMK IV; CaM kinase-GR
Gene ID	814.0
SwissProt ID	Q16566
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CaMK4. AA range:166-215

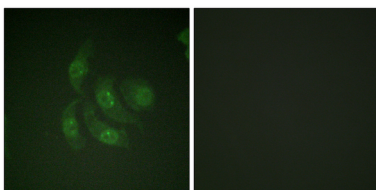
Background

The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinase family, and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase subfamily. This enzyme is a multifunctional serine/threonine protein kinase with limited tissue distribution, that has been implicated in transcriptional regulation in lymphocytes, neurons and male germ cells. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme regulation:Activated by Ca(2+)/calmodulin. Binding of calmodulin may release intrasteric autoinhibition. Must be phosphorylated to be maximally active. Phosphorylated by CAMKK1 or CAMKK2. Autophosphorylation of the N-terminus is required for full activation. In part, activity is independent on Ca(2+)/calmodulin and autophosphorylation of Ser-336 allows to switch to a Ca(2+)/calmodulin-independent state (By similarity). Probably inactivated by serine/threonine protein phosphatase 2A.,function:Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase belonging to a proposed calcium-triggered signaling cascade. May be involved in transcriptional regulation. May be involved in regulation of microtubule dynamics. In vitro, phosphorylates CREB1, CREBBP, PRM2, MEF2A, MEF2D and STMN1/OP18. May be involved in spermatogenesis. May play a role in the consolidation/retention of hippocampus-dependent long-term memory.,PTM:Autophosphorylated and phosphorylated by CAMKK1 and CAMKK2 (By similarity). Dephosphorylated by serine/threonine protein phosphatase 2A, probably on Thr-200.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. CaMK subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Substantial localization in certain neuronal nuclei. In spermatids associated with chromatin and nuclear matrix.,subunit:Monomer (By similarity). Interacts with serine/threonine protein phosphatase 2A catalytic subunit, PPP2CA or PPP2CB. The interaction with PP2CA or PP2CB is mutually exclusive with binding to Ca(2+)/calmodulin.,tissue specificity:Expressed in epithelial ovarian cancer tissue.,

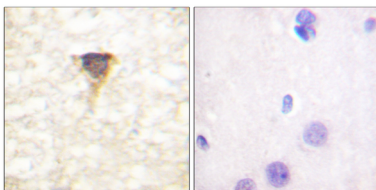
Research Area

Calcium;Long-term potentiation;Neurotrophin;

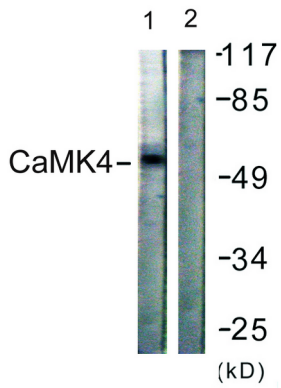
Image Data



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using CaMK4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using CaMK4 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, treated with H₂O₂ 100uM 30 ' ; using CaMK4 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.