Catalog #: APRab06601



Summary

ADAMTS-2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody **Production Name**

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit **Application** WB,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Performance

Conjugation Unconjugated Modification Unmodified

Isotype lgG

Clonality Polyclonal Form Liquid

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Buffer

Gene Name ADAMTS2

ADAMTS2; PCINP; PCPNI; A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin

motifs 2; ADAM-TS 2; ADAM-TS2; ADAMTS-2; Procollagen I N-proteinase; PC I-NP;

Alternative Names Procollagen I/II amino propeptide-processing enzyme; Procollagen N-endopeptidase;

pNPI

Gene ID 9509.0

SwissProt ID O95450. Synthesized peptide derived from ADAMTS-2. at AA range: 1140-1220

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000, ELISA 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Molecular Weight 100kDa

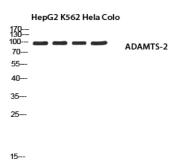


Background

This gene encodes a member of the ADAMTS (a disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin motifs) protein family. Members of the family share several distinct protein modules, including a propeptide region, a metalloproteinase domain, a disintegrin-like domain, and a thrombospondin type 1 (TS) motif. Individual members of this family differ in the number of C-terminal TS motifs, and some have unique C-terminal domains. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate the mature procollagen N-proteinase. This proteinase excises the N-propeptide of the fibrillar procollagens types I-III and type V. Mutations in this gene cause Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type VIIC, a recessively inherited connective-tissue disorder. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes an isoform that is proteolyticallycatalytic activity: Cleaves the N-propeptide of collagen chain alpha-1(I) at Pro-|-Gln and of alpha-1(II) and alpha-2(I) at Ala-I-GIn., caution: Has sometimes been referred to as ADAMTS3., cofactor: Binds 1 zinc ion per subunit., disease: Defects in ADAMTS2 are the cause of Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type 7C (EDS7C) [MIM:225410]. EDS is a connective tissue disorder characterized by hyperextensible skin, atrophic cutaneous scars due to tissue fragility and joint hyperlaxity. EDS7C is marked by extremely fragile tissues, hyperextensible skin and easy bruising. Facial skin contains numerous folds, as in the cutis laxa syndrome, domain: The spacer domain and the TSP type-1 domains are important for a tight interaction with the extracellular matrix, function: Cleaves the propeptides of type I and II collagen prior to fibril assembly. Does not act on type III collagen. May also play a role in development that is independent of its role in collagen biosynthesis., PTM: The precursor is cleaved by a furin endopeptidase., similarity: Contains 1 disintegrin domain, similarity: Contains 1 peptidase M12B domain, similarity: Contains 1 PLAC domain, similarity: Contains 4 TSP type-1 domains., subunit: May belong to a multimeric complex. Binds specifically to collagen type XIV., tissue specificity: Expressed at high level in skin, bone, tendon and aorta and at low levels in thymus and brain.,

Research Area

Image Data



Western blot analysis of HepG2 K562 Hela Colo using ADAMTS-2 antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Note

For research use only.