

Product Name: Smad1 (phospho Ser187) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab05436**

For research use only.

Summary

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|----------------------|---|
| Description | Rabbit polyclonal Antibody |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Application | WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA |
| Reactivity | Human,Mouse,Monkey |
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Modification | Phosphorylated |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Form | Liquid |
| Concentration | 1mg/ml |
| Storage | Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. |
| Shipping | Ice bags |
| Buffer | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N. |
| Purification | Affinity purification |

Application

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|-------------------------|--|
| Dilution Ratio | WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000 |
| Molecular Weight | 60kDa |

Antigen Information

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| Gene Name | SMAD1 |
| Alternative Names | SMAD1; BSP1; MADH1; MADR1; Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 1; MAD homolog 1; Mothers against DPP homolog 1; JV4-1; Mad-related protein 1; SMAD family member 1; SMAD 1; Smad1; hSMAD1; Transforming growth factor-beta-signaling protein |
| Gene ID | 4086.0 |
| SwissProt ID | Q15797 |
| Immunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Smad1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser187. AA range:153-202 |

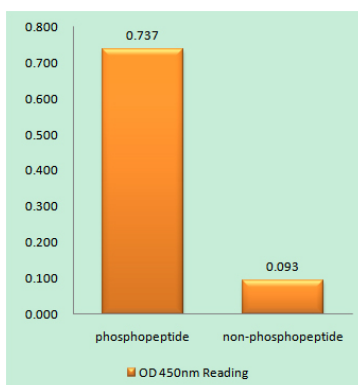
Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the *Drosophila* gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the *C. elegans* gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated function: Transcriptional modulator activated by BMP (bone morphogenetic proteins) type 1 receptor kinase. SMAD1 is a receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD), PTM: Phosphorylated on serine by BMP type 1 receptor kinase, PTM: Ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis by SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligase SMURF1, similarity: Belongs to the dwarfin/SMAD family, similarity: Contains 1 MH1 (MAD homology 1) domain, similarity: Contains 1 MH2 (MAD homology 2) domain, subcellular location: Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4, subunit: Interacts with HGS, NANOG and ZCCHC12 (By similarity). May form trimers with another SMAD1 and the co-SMAD SMAD4. Interacts with PEBP2- α subunit, CREB-binding protein (CBP), p300, SMURF1, SMURF2 and HOXC8. Associates with ZNF423 or ZNF521 in response to BMP2 leading to activate transcription of BMP target genes. Interacts with LBXCOR1, tissue specificity: Ubiquitous. Highest expression seen in the heart and skeletal muscle,

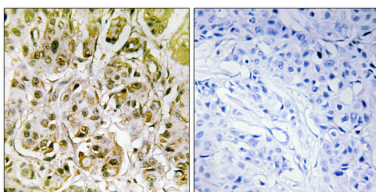
Research Area

TGF- β ;

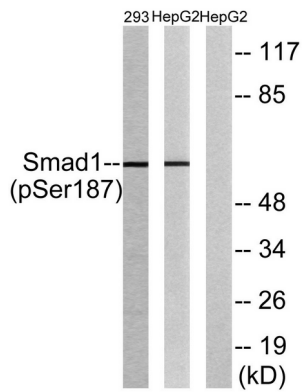
Image Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right) , using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phosphopeptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells and HepG2 cells, using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.