

Product Name: MSK1 (phospho Thr581) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab05043

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse
Conjugation Unconjugated
Modification Phosphorylated

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:20000-1:40000

Molecular Weight 90kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name RPS6KA5

RPS6KA5; MSK1; Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha-5; S6K-alpha-5; 90 kDa ribosomal

Alternative Names protein S6 kinase 5; Nuclear mitogen- and stress-activated protein kinase 1; RSK-like protein

kinase; RSKL

 Gene ID
 9252.0

 SwissProt ID
 075582

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human MSK1 around Immunogen

the phosphorylation site of Thr581. AA range:551-600

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Background

catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein, cofactor:Magnesium, enzyme regulation:Appears to be activated by multiple phosphorylations on threonine and serine residues. ERK1/2 and MAPK14/p38-alpha may play a role in this process, function: Serine/threonine kinase required for the mitogen or stress-induced phosphorylation of the transcription factors CREB (cAMP response element-binding protein) and ATF1 (activating transcription factor-1). Essential role in the control of RELA transcriptional activity in response to TNF. Directly represses transcription via phosphorylation of 'Ser-1' of histone H2A. Phosphorylates 'Ser-10' of histone H3 in response to mitogenics, stress stimuli and epidemal growth-factor (EGF), which results in the transcriptional activation of several immediate early genes, including proto-oncogenes c-fos/FOS and c-jun/JUN. May also phosphorylate 'Ser-28' of histone H3. Mediates the mitogen- and stress-induced phosphorylation of high mobility group protein 14 (HMG-14), miscellaneous: Enzyme activity requires the presence of both kinase domains, PTM: Ser-376 and Thr-581 phosphorylation is required for kinase activity. Ser-376 and Ser-212 are autophosphorylated by the C-terminal kinase domain, and their phosphorylation is essential for the catalytic activity of the N-terminal kinase domain, similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. S6 kinase subfamily., similarity: Contains 1 AGC-kinase Cterminal domain.,similarity:Contains 2 protein kinase domains.,subcellular location:Predominantly nuclear. Partially cytoplasmic., subunit: Forms a complex with either ERK1 or ERK2 in quiescent cells which transiently dissociates following mitogenic stimulation. Also associates with MAPK14/p38-alpha. Activated RPS6KA5 associates with and phosphorylates the NF-kappa-B p65 subunit RELA, tissue specificity: Widely expressed with high levels in heart, brain and placenta. Less abundant in lung, kidney and liver.,catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation: Appears to be activated by multiple phosphorylations on threonine and serine residues. ERK1/2 and MAPK14/p38alpha may play a role in this process.,function:Serine/threonine kinase required for the mitogen or stress-induced phosphorylation of the transcription factors CREB (cAMP response element-binding protein) and ATF1 (activating transcription factor-1). Essential role in the control of RELA transcriptional activity in response to TNF. Directly represses transcription via phosphorylation of 'Ser-1' of histone H2A. Phosphorylates 'Ser-10' of histone H3 in response to mitogenics, stress stimuli and epidemal growth-factor (EGF), which results in the transcriptional activation of several immediate early genes, including protooncogenes c-fos/FOS and c-jun/JUN. May also phosphorylate 'Ser-28' of histone H3. Mediates the mitogen- and stressinduced phosphorylation of high mobility group protein 14 (HMG-14), miscellaneous: Enzyme activity requires the presence of both kinase domains.,PTM:Ser-376 and Thr-581 phosphorylation is required for kinase activity. Ser-376 and Ser-212 are autophosphorylated by the C-terminal kinase domain, and their phosphorylation is essential for the catalytic activity of the Nterminal kinase domain., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. AGC Ser/Thr protein kinase family. S6 kinase subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain., similarity: Contains 2 protein kinase domains., subcellular location:Predominantly nuclear. Partially cytoplasmic., subunit:Forms a complex with either ERK1 or ERK2 in quiescent cells which transiently dissociates following mitogenic stimulation. Also associates with MAPK14/p38-alpha. Activated RPS6KA5 associates with and phosphorylates the NF-kappa-B p65 subunit RELA., tissue specificity: Widely expressed with high levels in heart, brain and placenta. Less abundant in lung, kidney and liver.,

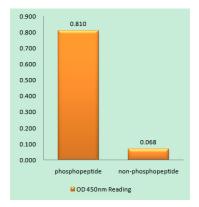
Research Area

Insulin Receptor; Regulates Angiogenesis; MAPK_ERK_Growth; MAPK_G_Protein; B Cell Receptor; AMPK

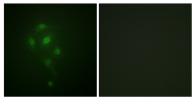
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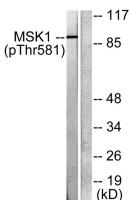
Image Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using MSK1 (Phospho-Thr581) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using MSK1 (Phospho-Thr581) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from RAW264.7 cells treated with UV 5 ', using MSK1 (Phospho-Thr581) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.