

Product Name: IRP-1 (phospho Ser711) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab04874

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationPhosphorylated

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000

Molecular Weight 85kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name ACO1

ACO1; IREB1; Cytoplasmic aconitate hydratase; Aconitase; Citrate hydro-lyase; Ferritin

Alternative Names repressor protein; Iron regulatory protein 1; IRP1; Iron-responsive element-binding protein

1; IRE-BP 1

 Gene ID
 48.0

 SwissProt ID
 P21399

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human IREB1 around Immunogen

the phosphorylation site of Ser711. AA range:681-730

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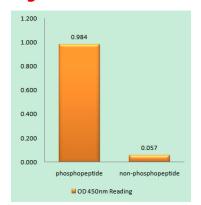
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a bifunctional, cytosolic protein that functions as an essential enzyme in the TCA cycle and interacts with mRNA to control the levels of iron inside cells. When cellular iron levels are high, this protein binds to a 4Fe-4S cluster and functions as an aconitase. Aconitases are iron-sulfur proteins that function to catalyze the conversion of citrate to isocitrate. When cellular iron levels are low, the protein binds to iron-responsive elements (IREs), which are stem-loop structures found in the 5' UTR of ferritin mRNA, and in the 3' UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. When the protein binds to IRE, it results in repression of translation of ferritin mRNA, and inhibition of degradation of the otherwise rapidly degraded transferrin receptor mRNA. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct catalytic activity: Citrate = isocitrate., cofactor: Binds 1 4Fe-4S cluster per subunit., function: Binds to iron-responsive elements (IRES), which are stem-loop structures found in the 5'-UTR of ferritin, and delta aminolevulinic acid synthase mRNAs, and in the 3'-UTR of transferrin receptor mRNA. Binding to the IRE element in ferritin results in the repression of its mRNA translation. Binding of the protein to the transferrin receptor mRNA inhibits the degradation of this otherwise rapidly degraded mRNA. This protein also expresses aconitase activity., online information: Aconitase entry, similarity: Belongs to the aconitase/IPM isomerase family.,

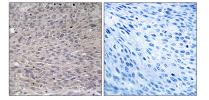
Research Area

Citrate cycle (TCA cycle); Glyoxylate and dicarboxylate metabolism;

Image Data



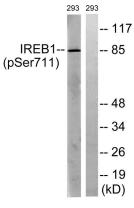
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using IREB1 (Phospho-Ser711) Antibody



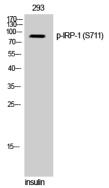
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human thyroid gland, using IREB1 (Phospho-Ser711) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with insulin 0.01U/ml 30 $^{\prime}$, using IREB1 (Phospho-Ser711) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Phospho-IRP-1 (S711) Polyclonal Antibody