

Product Name: Ephrin-B1/2 (phospho Tyr329) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab04618

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

ApplicationIHC,ICC/IF,ELISAReactivityHuman,Mouse,RatConjugationUnconjugatedModificationPhosphorylated

Isotype IgG

ClonalityPolyclonalFormLiquidConcentration1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000

Molecular Weight

Antigen Information

Gene Name EFNB1/EFNB2

EFNB1; EFL3; EPLG2; LERK2; Ephrin-B1; EFL-3; ELK ligand; ELK-L; EPH-related receptor

Alternative Names tyrosine kinase ligand 2; LERK-2; EFNB2; EPLG5; HTKL; LERK5; Ephrin-B2; EPH-related

receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 5; LERK-5; HTK ligand; HTK-L

Gene ID 1947/1948

SwissProt ID P98172/P52799

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Ephrin B1/B2 Immunogen

around the phosphorylation site of Tyr329. AA range:295-344

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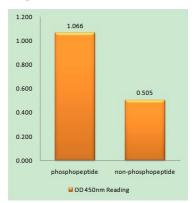
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a type I membrane protein and a ligand of Eph-related receptor tyrosine kinases. It may play a role in cell adhesion and function in the development or maintenance of the nervous system. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], disease:Defects in EFNB1 are a cause of craniofrontonasal syndrome (CFNS) [MIM:304110]; also known as craniofrontonasal dysplasia (CFND). CFNS is an X-linked inherited syndrome characterized by hypertelorism, coronal synostosis with brachycephaly, downslanting palpebral fissures, clefting of the nasal tip, joint anomalies, longitudinally grooved fingernails and other digital anomalies., function:Binds to the receptor tyrosine kinases EPHB1 and EPHA1. Binds to, and induce the collapse of, commissural axons/growth cones in vitro. May play a role in constraining the orientation of longitudinally projecting axons., induction:By TNF-alpha., PTM:Inducible phosphorylation of tyrosine residues in the cytoplasmic domain., similarity:Belongs to the ephrin family., subunit:Interacts with GRIP1 and GRIP2., tissue specificity:Heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas.,

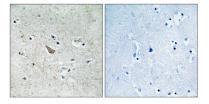
Research Area

Axon guidance;

Image Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Ephrin B1/B2 (Phospho-Tyr329) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using Ephrin B1/B2 (Phospho-Tyr329) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

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