

Product Name: c-Fms (phospho Tyr561) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab04440**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phosphorylated
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000
Molecular Weight	130-170kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	CSF1R
Alternative Names	CSF1R; FMS; Macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor; CSF-1 receptor; CSF-1-R; CSF-1R; M-CSF-R; Proto-oncogene c-Fms; CD antigen CD115
Gene ID	1436.0
SwissProt ID	P07333
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CSFR around the phosphorylation site of Tyr561. AA range:531-580

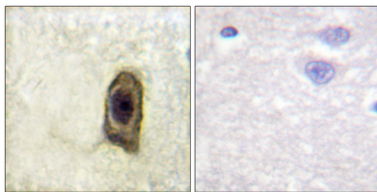
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 1, a cytokine which controls the production, differentiation, and function of macrophages. This receptor mediates most if not all of the biological effects of this cytokine. Ligand binding activates the receptor kinase through a process of oligomerization and transphosphorylation. The encoded protein is a tyrosine kinase transmembrane receptor and member of the CSF1/PDGF receptor family of tyrosine-protein kinases. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a predisposition to myeloid malignancy. The first intron of this gene contains a transcriptionally inactive ribosomal protein L7 processed pseudogene oriented in the opposite direction. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2013], catalytic activity: ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate, function: Protein tyrosine-kinase transmembrane receptor for CSF1 and IL34, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. CSF-1/PDGF receptor subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain, similarity: Contains 5 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains, subunit: Interacts with INPPL1/SHIP2 and THOC5, tissue specificity: Expressed in bone marrow and in differentiated blood mononuclear cells,

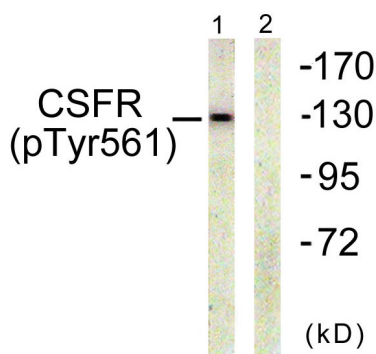
Research Area

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction; Endocytosis; Hematopoietic cell lineage; Pathways in cancer;

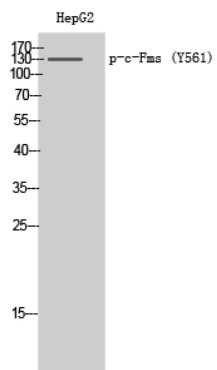
Image Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using CSFR (P hospho-Tyr561) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using CSFR (Phospho-Tyr561) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using Phospho-c-Fms (Y561) Polyclonal Antibody