

Product Name: Caldesmon (phospho Ser789) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab04351

For research use only.

Summary

Description Rabbit polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

ApplicationWB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISAReactivityHuman,Mouse,RatConjugationUnconjugatedModificationPhosphorylated

Isotype IgG

Clonality Polyclonal
Form Liquid
Concentration 1mg/ml

Storage Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bags

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type **Buffer**

preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000

Molecular Weight 80kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name CALD1

Alternative Names CALD1; CAD; CDM; Caldesmon; CDM

 Gene ID
 800.0

 SwissProt ID
 Q05682

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Caldesmon Immunogen

around the phosphorylation site of Ser789. AA range:744-793

Background

This gene encodes a calmodulin- and actin-binding protein that plays an essential role in the regulation of smooth muscle and

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

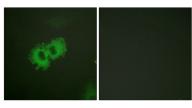


nonmuscle contraction. The conserved domain of this protein possesses the binding activities to Ca(2+)-calmodulin, actin, tropomyosin, myosin, and phospholipids. This protein is a potent inhibitor of the actin-tropomyosin activated myosin MgATPase, and serves as a mediating factor for Ca(2+)-dependent inhibition of smooth muscle contraction. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],domain:The N-terminal part seems to be a myosin/calmodulin-binding domain, and the C-terminal a tropomyosin/actin/calmodulin-binding domain. These two domains are separated by a central helical region in the smoothmuscle form, function: Actin- and myosin-binding protein implicated in the regulation of actomyosin interactions in smooth muscle and nonmuscle cells (could act as a bridge between myosin and actin filaments). Stimulates actin binding of tropomyosin which increases the stabilization of actin filament structure. In muscle tissues, inhibits the actomyosin ATPase by binding to F-actin. This inhibition is attenuated by calcium-calmodulin and is potentiated by tropomyosin. Interacts with actin, myosin, two molecules of tropomyosin and with calmodulin. Also play an essential role during cellular mitosis and receptor capping,,PTM:In non-muscle cells, phosphorylation by CDC2 during mitosis causes caldesmon to dissociate from microfilaments. Phosphorylation reduces caldesmon binding to actin, myosin, and calmodulin as well as its inhibition of actomyosin ATPase activity. Phosphorylation also occurs in both quiescent and dividing smooth muscle cells with similar effects on the interaction with actin and calmodulin and on microfilaments reorganization, similarity: Belongs to the caldesmon family., subcellular location: On thin filaments in smooth muscle and on stress fibers in fibroblasts (nonmuscle)., tissue specificity:High-molecular-weight caldesmon (isoform 1) is predominantly expressed in smooth muscles, whereas lowmolecular-weight caldesmon (isoforms 2, 3, 4 and 5) are widely distributed in non-muscle tissues and cells. Not expressed in skeletal muscle or heart.,

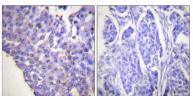
Research Area

Vascular smooth muscle contraction;

Image Data



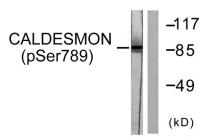
Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Caldesmon (Phospho-Ser789) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



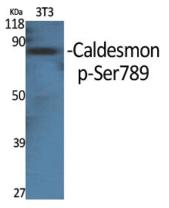
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Caldesmon (Phospho-Ser789) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

Web: https://www.enkilife.com E-mail: order@enkilife.com techsupport@enkilife.com Tel: 0086-27-87002838

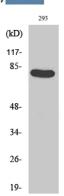




Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 30 ', using Caldesmon (Phospho-Ser789) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Caldesmon (S789) Polyclonal Antibody



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Phospho-Caldesmon (S789) Polyclonal Antibody