
Product Name: ATF-1 (phospho Ser63) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab04272**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phosphorylated
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Molecular Weight	29kDa

Antigen Information

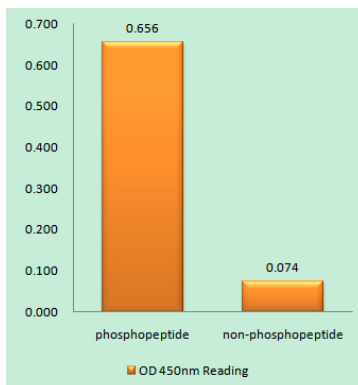
Gene Name	ATF1
Alternative Names	ATF1; Cyclic AMP-dependent transcription factor ATF-1; cAMP-dependent transcription factor ATF-1; Activating transcription factor 1; Protein TREB36
Gene ID	466.0
SwissProt ID	P18846
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ATF1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser63. AA range:31-80

Background

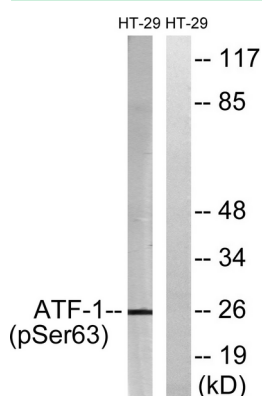
activating transcription factor 1(ATF1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes an activating transcription factor, which belongs to the ATF subfamily and bZIP (basic-region leucine zipper) family. It influences cellular physiologic processes by regulating the expression of downstream target genes, which are related to growth, survival, and other cellular activities. This protein is phosphorylated at serine 63 in its kinase-inducible domain by serine/threonine kinases, cAMP-dependent protein kinase A, calmodulin-dependent protein kinase I/II, mitogen- and stress-activated protein kinase and cyclin-dependent kinase 3 (cdk-3). Its phosphorylation enhances its transactivation and transcriptional activities, and enhances cell transformation. Fusion of this gene and FUS on chromosome 16 or EWSR1 on chromosome 22 induced by translocation generates chimeric proteins in angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma and clear cell sarcoma. This gene has a pseudogene on chromosome 16. disease:A chromosomal aberration involving ATF1 is associated with angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma (AFH) [MIM:612160]. Translocation t(12;16)(q13;p11.2) with FUS generates a chimeric ATF1/FUS protein. disease:A chromosomal aberration involving ATF1 is associated with angiomatoid fibrous histiocytoma (AFH) [MIM:612160]. Translocation t(12;22)(q13;q12) with EWSR1 generates a chimeric ATF1/EWSR1 protein. function:This protein binds the cAMP response element (CRE) (consensus: 5'-GTGACGT[AC][AG]-3'), a sequence present in many viral and cellular promoters. Binds to the Tax-responsive element (TRE) of HTLV-I. Mediates PKA-induced stimulation of CRE-reporter genes. similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family. ATF subfamily. similarity:Contains 1 bZIP domain. similarity:Contains 1 KID (kinase-inducible) domain. subunit:Binds DNA as a dimer.

Research Area

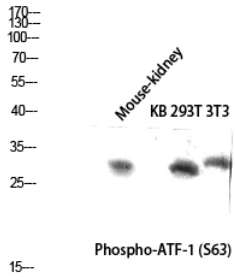
Image Data



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right) , using ATF1 (Phospho-Ser63) Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from HT29 cells treated with Insulin 0.01U/ML 15 minutes, using ATF1 (Phospho-Ser63) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of Mouse-kidney KB 293T 3T3 lysis using Phospho-ATF-1 (S63) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:500.