
Product Name: ARK-1 (phospho Thr288) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**Catalog #: APRab04258**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
Host	Rabbit
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,ELISA
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Phosphorylated
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Molecular Weight	45kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	AURKA AURKA; AIK; AIRK1; ARK1; AURA; AYK1; BTAK; IAK1; STK15; STK6; Aurora kinase A; Aurora 2;
Alternative Names	Aurora/IPL1-related kinase 1; ARK-1; Aurora-related kinase 1; hARK1; Breast tumor-amplified kinase; Serine/threonine-protein kinase 15; Serine/threonin
Gene ID	6790.0
SwissProt ID	O14965
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Aurora Kinase around the phosphorylation site of Thr288. AA range:256-305

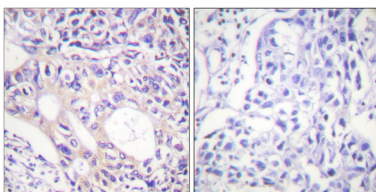
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a cell cycle-regulated kinase that appears to be involved in microtubule formation and/or stabilization at the spindle pole during chromosome segregation. The encoded protein is found at the centrosome in interphase cells and at the spindle poles in mitosis. This gene may play a role in tumor development and progression. A processed pseudogene of this gene has been found on chromosome 1, and an unprocessed pseudogene has been found on chromosome 10. Multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,caution:Although authors have considered STK6 and STK15 as two different proteins, it is clear that they are the same protein.,disease:Defects in AURKA are responsible for numerical centrosome aberrations including aneuploidy.,function:May play a role in cell cycle regulation during anaphase and/or telophase, in relation to the function of the centrosome/spindle pole region during chromosome segregation. May be involved in microtubule formation and/or stabilization. Phosphorylates ARHGEF2 and BORA.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Ser/Thr protein kinase family. Aurora subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subcellular location:Localizes on centrosomes in interphase cells and at each spindle pole in mitosis.,subunit:Interacts with TACC1 and CPEB1. Interacts with its substrates BORA and ARHGEF2.,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in testis and weakly in skeletal muscle, thymus and spleen. Also highly expressed in colon, ovarian, prostate, neuroblastoma, breast and cervical cancer cell lines. Expression is cell-cycle regulated, low in G1/S, accumulates during G2/M, and decreases rapidly after.,

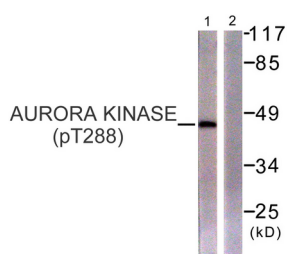
Research Area

Oocyte meiosis;

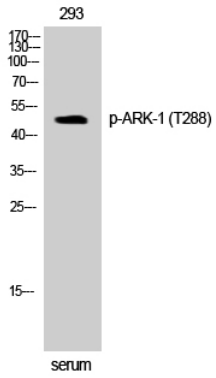
Image Data



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Aurora Kinase (Phospho-Thr288) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with serum 20% 15', using Aurora Kinase (Phospho-Thr288) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Phospho-ARK-1 (T288) Polyclonal Antibody