

**Product Name: 4E BP1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody****Catalog #: APRab01368**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Application</b>	WB,IHC,FC,IP
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% protective protein
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:1000,IHC 1:50-1:100,FC 1:50-1:100,IP 1:20-1:50
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	Calculated MW: 13 kDa; Observed MW: 15-20 kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	EIF4EBP1
<b>Alternative Names</b>	EIF4EBP1; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 1; 4E-BP1; eIF4E-binding protein 1; Phosphorylated heat- and acid-stable protein regulated by insulin 1; PHAS-I
<b>Gene ID</b>	1978
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	Q13541
<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide corresponding to target protein

**Background**

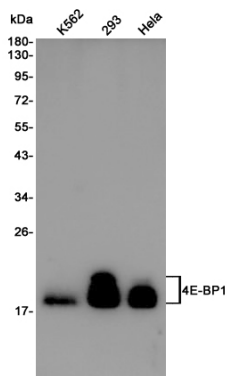
Translation repressor protein 4E-BP1 (also known as PHAS-1) inhibits cap-dependent translation by binding to the translation

initiation factor eIF4E. Hyperphosphorylation of 4E-BP1 disrupts this interaction and results in activation of cap-dependent translation. Both the PI3 kinase/Akt pathway and FRAP/mTOR kinase regulate 4E-BP1 activity.

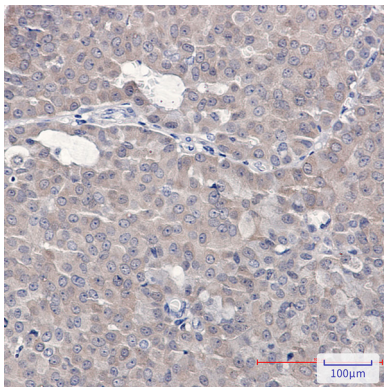
## Research Area

Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling

## Image Data



Western blot analysis of 4EBP1 in K562, 293, HeLa lysates using 4E BP1 antibody.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer using eIF4EBP1 antibody. High-pressure and temperature Sodium Citrate pH 6.0 was used for antigen retrieval.