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**Product Name: CD33 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody****Catalog #: AMM83073**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Application</b>	WB,IHC,ELISA,FC
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity Purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000,FC 1:200-1:400
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	39.8kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	CD33
<b>Alternative Names</b>	p67; SIGLEC3; SIGLEC-3
<b>Gene ID</b>	945.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	P20138
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human CD33 (AA: 15-237) expressed in E. Coli.

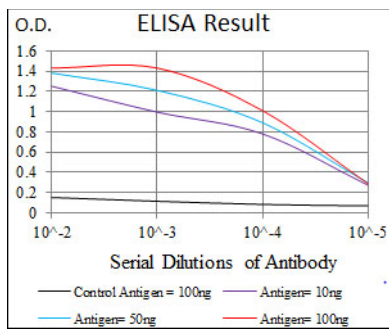
**Background**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to putative adhesion molecule of myelomonocytic-derived cells that mediates sialic acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor

upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Induces apoptosis in acute myeloid leukemia (in vitro) and CD33 plays potential key roles in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease (AD)

## Research Area

## Image Data



Red: Control Antigen (100ng)