
Product Name: C17ORF53 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMM83044**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	WB,ELISA,FC
Reactivity	Human
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	PBS containing 0.03% sodium azide.
Purification	Affinity Purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000,FC 1:200-1:400
Molecular Weight	69.8kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	C17ORF53
Alternative Names	C17ORF53
Gene ID	78995.0
SwissProt ID	Q8N3J3
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human C17ORF53 (AA: 282-527) expressed in E. Coli.

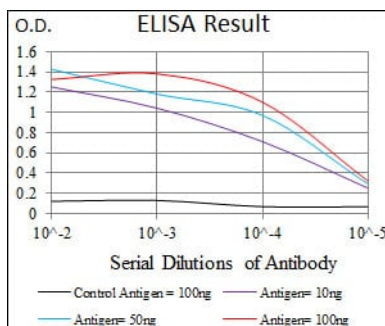
Background

C17orf53 (chromosome 17 open reading frame 53) is a 647 amino acid protein that is encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 17. Chromosome 17 makes up over 2.5% of the human genome with about 81 million bases encoding over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Tumor suppressor p53

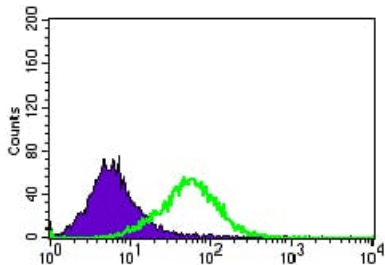
is necessary for maintenance of cellular genetic integrity by moderating cell fate through DNA repair versus cell death. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, specifically it is recognized as a genetic determinant of early onset breast cancer and predisposition to cancers of the ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes. Chromosome 17 is also linked to neurofibromatosis, a condition characterized by neural and epidermal lesions, and dysregulated Schwann cell growth. Alexander disease, Birt-Hogg-Dube syndrome and Canavan disease are also associated with chromosome 17.

Research Area

Image Data



Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen(10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng);



Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells using C17ORF53 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (purple).