
Product Name: ALDOA Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMM81923**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	ICC,ELISA,FC
Reactivity	Human
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide
Purification	Affinity Purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	ICC 1:100-1:500,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000,FC 1:200-1:400
Molecular Weight	39.4kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	ALDOA
Alternative Names	ALDA; GSD12; HEL-S-87p
Gene ID	226.0
SwissProt ID	P04075
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human ALDOA (AA: 9-145) expressed in E. Coli.

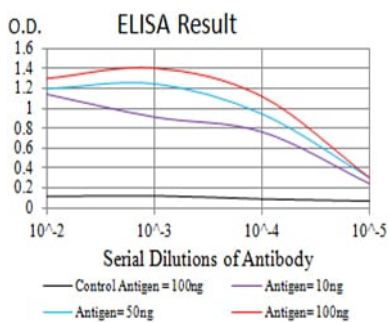
Background

The protein encoded by this gene, Aldolase A (fructose-bisphosphate aldolase), is a glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Three aldolase isozymes (A, B, and C), encoded by three different genes, are differentially expressed during development. Aldolase A

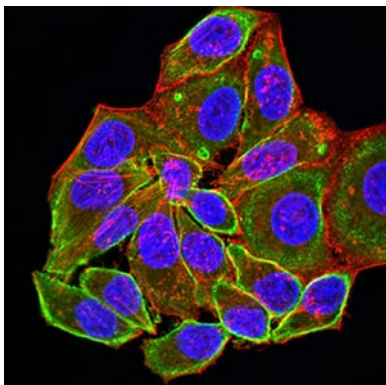
is found in the developing embryo and is produced in even greater amounts in adult muscle. Aldolase A expression is repressed in adult liver, kidney and intestine and similar to aldolase C levels in brain and other nervous tissue. Aldolase A deficiency has been associated with myopathy and hemolytic anemia. Alternative splicing and alternative promoter usage results in multiple transcript variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 3 and 10.

Research Area

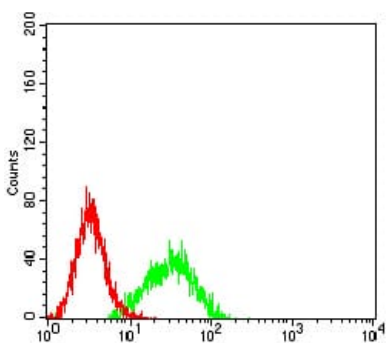
Image Data



Black line: Control Antigen (100 ng); Purple line: Antigen (10ng); Blue line: Antigen (50 ng); Red line: Antigen (100 ng)



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells using ALDOA mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor- 555 phalloidin.



Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells using ALDOA mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).