

Product Name: MYST1 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #:** AMM80597

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	WB,IHC,ICC,ELISA
Reactivity	Human
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide.
Purification	Affinity Purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:200-1:1000,ICC 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000
Molecular Weight	53kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	MYST1
Alternative Names	MOF; KAT8; hMOF
Gene ID	84148.0
SwissProt ID	Q9H7Z6
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human MYST1 expressed in E. Coli.

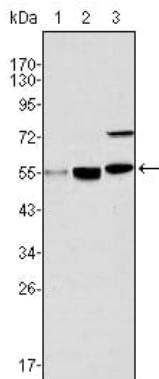
Background

MYST1 (MYST histone acetyltransferase 1, MOF) belongs to the MYST family of histone acetyltransferases, which are employed in the cell to bring about transcriptional regulation. The MYST family includes MYST1, is named for the founding members MOZ, yeast YBF2 and SAS2, and TIP60. All members of this family contain a MYST region of about 240 amino acids with a

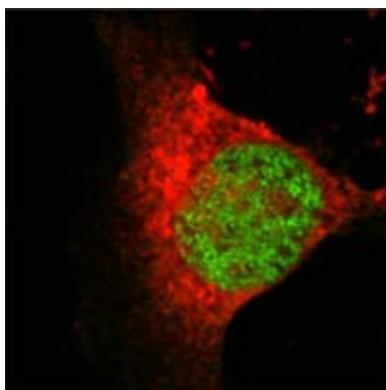
canonical acetyl-CoA-binding site and a C2HC-type zinc finger motif. Most MYST proteins also have a chromodomain involved in protein-protein interactions and targeting transcriptional regulators to chromatin. Although MOF is expressed in both males and females, it associates with the X chromosome only in males. MOF contains a zinc-finger domain that is used to contact the globular part of the nucleosome and histone H4. The carboxy terminal domain of human MOF also has histone acetyltransferase activity directed against histones H3 and H2A, a characteristic shared with other MYST family histone

Research Area

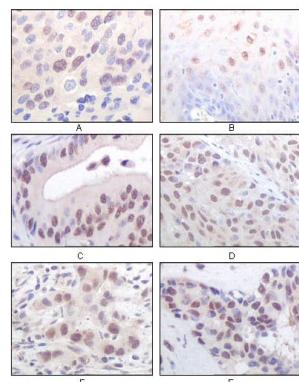
Image Data



Western blot analysis using MYST1 mouse mAb against HeLa (1), HepG2 (2) and SMMC-7721 (3) cell lysate.



Confocal Immunofluorescence analysis of Eca 109 cells using MOF/MYST1 mouse mAb (green), showing nuclear localization.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (A), normal esophagus epithelium (B), rectum adenocarcinoma (C), lung squamous cell carcinoma (D), breast infiltrating carcinoma (E), and breast infiltrating carcinoma (F) tissues, showing nuclear localization using MOF/MYST1 mouse mAb with DAB staining.