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**Product Name: IDE(3H4)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody****Catalog #: AMM12351**

For research use only.

**Summary**

<b>Description</b>	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Application</b>	WB,IHC,ICC/IF
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Hamster
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Modification</b>	Unmodified
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Storage</b>	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bags
<b>Buffer</b>	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%protective protein, 0.02% New type preservative N as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification

**Application**

<b>Dilution Ratio</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300,ICC/IF 1:100-1:200
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	118kDa

**Antigen Information**

<b>Gene Name</b>	IDE
<b>Alternative Names</b>	IDE; Insulin-degrading enzyme; Abeta-degrading protease; Insulin protease; Insulinase; Insulysin
<b>Gene ID</b>	3416.0
<b>SwissProt ID</b>	P14735
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthetic Peptide of IDE

**Background**

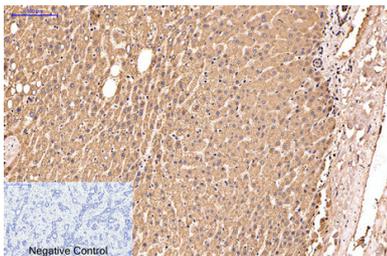
This gene encodes a zinc metallopeptidase that degrades intracellular insulin, and thereby terminates insulins activity, as well as

participating in intercellular peptide signalling by degrading diverse peptides such as glucagon, amylin, bradykinin, and kallidin. The preferential affinity of this enzyme for insulin results in insulin-mediated inhibition of the degradation of other peptides such as beta-amyloid. Deficiencies in this protein's function are associated with Alzheimer's disease and type 2 diabetes mellitus but mutations in this gene have not been shown to be causative for these diseases. This protein localizes primarily to the cytoplasm but in some cell types localizes to the extracellular space, cell membrane, peroxisome, and mitochondrion. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Additional transcript variants have been described catalytic activity: Degradation of insulin, glucagon and other polypeptides. No action on proteins., cofactor: Binds 1 zinc ion per subunit., function: May play a role in the cellular processing of insulin. May be involved in intercellular peptide signaling., PTM: The N-terminus is blocked., similarity: Belongs to the peptidase M16 family., subunit: Homodimer.,

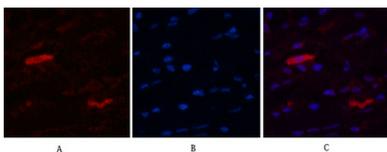
## Research Area

Alzheimer's disease;

## Image Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver-cancer tissue. 1, IDE Monoclonal Antibody (3H4) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min) . 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-breast tissue. 1, IDE Monoclonal Antibody (3H4) (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min) . 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

Western blot analysis of 1) HeLa, 2) HepG2, diluted at 1:2000

