

Product Name: ATG5(3C7)Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMM07298**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	WB,IHC,ICC/IF,IP
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Purification	Affinity purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,IP 1:50-1:200
Molecular Weight	55kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	ATG5
Alternative Names	Autophagy protein 5 (APG5-like) (Apoptosis-specific protein)
Gene ID	9494.0
SwissProt ID	Q9H1Y0
Immunogen	Recombinant Protein of ATG5

Background

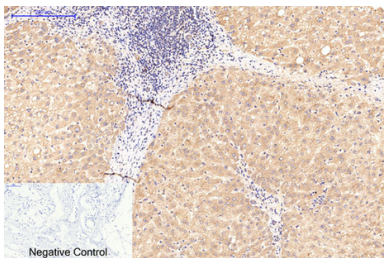
The protein encoded by this gene, in combination with autophagy protein 12, functions as an E1-like activating enzyme in a ubiquitin-like conjugating system. The encoded protein is involved in several cellular processes, including autophagic vesicle

formation, mitochondrial quality control after oxidative damage, negative regulation of the innate antiviral immune response, lymphocyte development and proliferation, MHC II antigen presentation, adipocyte differentiation, and apoptosis. Several transcript variants encoding different protein isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015],function:May play an important role in the apoptotic process, possibly within the modified cytoskeleton. Its expression is a relatively late event in the apoptotic process, occurring downstream of caspase activity.,function:Required for autophagy. Conjugates to ATG12 and associates with isolation membrane to form cup-shaped isolation membrane and autophagosome. The conjugate detaches from the membrane immediately before or after autophagosome formation is completed.,induction:By apoptotic stimuli.,PTM:Conjugated to ATG12; which is essential for autophagy, but is not required for association with isolation membrane.,similarity:Belongs to the ATG5 family.,subcellular location:Colocalizes with nonmuscle actin.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous. The mRNA is present at similar levels in viable and apoptotic cells, whereas the protein is dramatically highly expressed in apoptotic cells.,

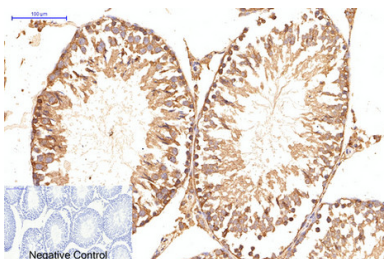
Research Area

Regulation of autophagy;RIG-I-like receptor;

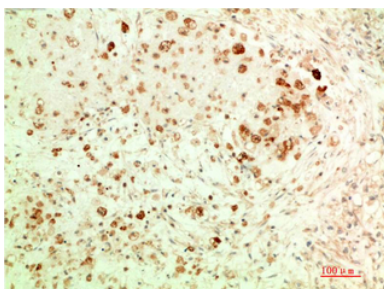
Image Data



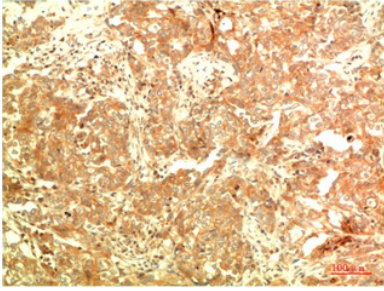
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-breast tissue. 1,ATG5 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (3C7) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room tempeRature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



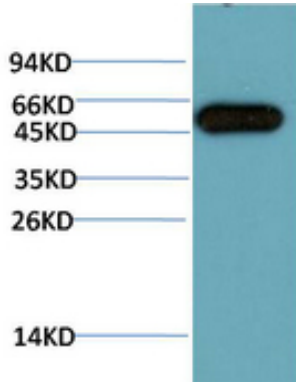
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-testis tissue. 1,ATG5 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (3C7) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room tempeRature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Ovarian Carcinoma Tissue using ATG5 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Breast Carcinoma Tissue using ATG5 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:200.



Western blot analysis of Hela Cell Lysate using ATG5 Mouse mAb diluted at 1:10000