
Product Name: DBC 1 (3G4) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**Catalog #: AMM03416**

For research use only.

Summary

Description	Mouse monoclonal Antibody
Host	Mouse
Application	WB,ICC/IF,IP
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat,Monkey
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Modification	Unmodified
Isotype	IgG1
Clonality	Monoclonal
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
Storage	Aliquot and store at -20°C (valid for 12 months). Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bags
Buffer	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% protective protein and 0.02% sodium azide, pH 7.3.
Purification	Affinity Purification

Application

Dilution Ratio	WB 1:500-1:1000,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,IP 1:20-1:50
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 103 kDa; Observed MW: 130 kDa

Antigen Information

Gene Name	CCAR2
Alternative Names	DBC1; DBC-1; NET35; p30DBC; p30 DBC; KIAA1967
Gene ID	57805
SwissProt ID	Q8N163
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human KIAA1967

Background

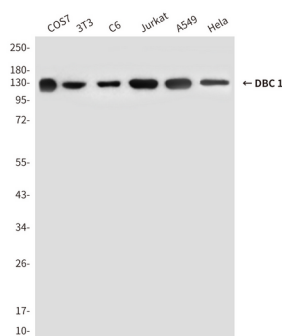
Core component of the DBIRD complex, a multiprotein complex that acts at the interface between core mRNP particles and RNA polymerase II (RNAPII) and integrates transcript elongation with the regulation of alternative splicing: the DBIRD complex

affects local transcript elongation rates and alternative splicing of a large set of exons embedded in (A + T)-rich DNA regions. Inhibits SIRT1 deacetylase activity leading to increasing levels of p53/TP53 acetylation and p53-mediated apoptosis. Inhibits SUV39H1 methyltransferase activity. As part of a histone H3-specific methyltransferase complex may mediate ligand-dependent transcriptional activation by nuclear hormone receptors. Plays a critical role in maintaining genomic stability and cellular integrity following UV-induced genotoxic stress. Regulates the circadian expression of the core clock components NR1D1 and ARNTL/BMAL1. Enhances the transcriptional repressor activity of NR1D1 through stabilization of NR1D1 protein levels by preventing its ubiquitination and subsequent degradation (PubMed:18235501, PubMed:18235502, PubMed:19131338, PubMed:19218236, PubMed:22446626, PubMed:23352644, PubMed:23398316). Represses the ligand-dependent transcriptional activation function of ESR2 (PubMed:20074560). Acts as a regulator of PCK1 expression and gluconeogenesis by a mechanism that involves, at least in part, both NR1D1 and SIRT1 (PubMed:24415752). Negatively regulates the deacetylase activity of HDAC3 and can alter its subcellular localization (PubMed:21030595). Positively regulates the beta-catenin pathway (canonical Wnt signaling pathway) and is required for MCC-mediated repression of the beta-catenin pathway (PubMed:24824780). Represses ligand-dependent transcriptional activation function of NR1H2 and NR1H3 and inhibits the interaction of SIRT1 with NR1H3 (PubMed:25661920). Plays an important role in tumor suppression through p53/TP53 regulation; stabilizes p53/TP53 by affecting its interaction with ubiquitin ligase MDM2 (PubMed:25732823). Represses the transcriptional activator activity of BRCA1 (PubMed:20160719). Inhibits SIRT1 in a CHEK2 and PSEM3-dependent manner and inhibits the activity of CHEK2 in vitro (PubMed:25361978).

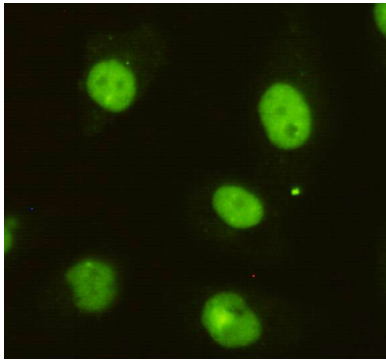
Research Area

Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling

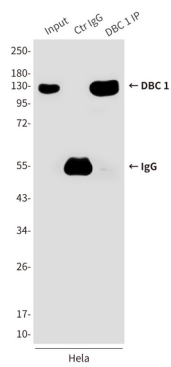
Image Data



Western blot analysis of DBC1 in HeLa, A549, Jurkat, C6, 3T3 and COS7 lysates using DBC1 antibody.



Immunocytochemistry analysis of DBC 1 in HeLa cells using DBC1 antibody.



Immunoprecipitation analysis of DBC 1 (3G4) in HeLa lysates using DBC1 antibody.