# **Product Name: SYK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab18487



## **Summary**

**Production Name** SYK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

**Description** Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit
Application WB,ELISA

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat

### **Performance**

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

**Isotype** IgG

**Clonality** Polyclonal **Form** Liquid

Storage Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

**Purification** Affinity purification

### **Immunogen**

Gene Name SYK

Alternative Names Tyrosine-protein kinase SYK (EC 2.7.10.2) (Spleen tyrosine kinase) (p72-Syk)

Gene ID 6850.0

**SwissProt ID** P43405. Synthesized peptide derived from human SYK

## **Application**

**Dilution Ratio** WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000

Molecular Weight 72kDa

# **Background**

This gene encodes a member of the family of non-receptor type Tyr protein kinases. This protein is widely expressed in hematopoietic cells and is involved in coupling activated immunoreceptors to downstream signaling events that mediate

# **Product Name: SYK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog #: APRab18487

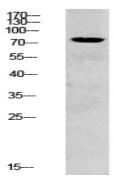


diverse cellular responses, including proliferation, differentiation, and phagocytosis. It is thought to be a modulator of epithelial cell growth and a potential tumour suppressor in human breast carcinomas. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010], catalytic activity: ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate., function:Positive effector of BCR-stimulated responses. Couples the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) to the mobilization of calcium ion either through a phosphoinositide 3-kinasedependent pathway, when not phosphorylated on tyrosines of the linker region, or through a phospholipase C-gammadependent pathway, when phosphorylated on Tyr-348 and Tyr-352. Thus the differential phosphorylation of Syk can determine the pathway by which BCR is coupled to the regulation of intracellular calcium ion.,PTM:Autophosphorylated.,PTM:Phosphorylation on Tyr-323 creates a binding site for c-Cbl, an adapter protein that serves as a negative regulator of BCR-stimulated calcium ion signaling,,PTM:Phosphorylation on Tyr-348 and Tyr-352 enhances the phosphorylation and activation of phospholipase C-gamma and the early phase of calcium ion mobilization via a phosphoinositide 3-kinase-independent pathway.,PTM:Ubiquitinated by CBLB after BCR activation; which promotes proteasomal degradation, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. SYK/ZAP-70 subfamily., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 SH2 domains.,subunit:Interacts with CBL and SLA when it is phosphorylated. The interaction with SLA may link it to CBL, leading to its destruction. Interacts with phosphorylated NFAM1 (By similarity). Interacts with Epstein-Barr virus LMP2A. Interacts through its SH2 domains with the phosphorylated ITAM domain of CD79A which stimulates SYK autophosphorylation and activation. Interacts with FCRL3.,

### **Research Area**

Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;B\_Cell\_Antigen;Fc epsilon RI;Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;

### **Image Data**



Western blot analysis of CACO2 lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

#### Note

For research use only.

**Product Name: SYK Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody** 

Catalog #: APRab18487

