

Summary

| Production Name | CD236 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Description | Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Application | IHC-P,IF-P,IF-F,ICC/IF,ELISA |
| Reactivity | Human, Rat, Mouse |

Performance

| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
|--------------|--|
| Modification | Unmodified |
| lsotype | IgG |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Form | Liquid |
| Storage | Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw |
| | cycles. |
| Buffer | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N. |
| Purification | Affinity purification |

Immunogen

| Gene Name | GYPC GLPC GPC | | |
|-------------------|--|--|-----------|
| Altornativo Namos | Glycophorin-C | (Glycoconnectin;Glycophorin-D;GPD;Glycoprotein | beta;PAS- |
| Alternative Names | 2';Sialoglycoprotein D;CD antigen CD236) | | |
| Gene ID | 2995.0 | | |
| SwissProt ID | P04921.Synthetic pe | eptide from human protein at AA range: 11-60 | |

Application

| Dilution Ratio | IHC-P 1:50-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000, IF-P/IF-F/ICC/IF 1:50-200 |
|------------------|--|
| Molecular Weight | |

Background

Product Name: CD236 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab08296



Glycophorin C (GYPC) is an integral membrane glycoprotein. It is a minor species carried by human erythrocytes, but plays an important role in regulating the mechanical stability of red cells. A number of glycophorin C mutations have been described. The Gerbich and Yus phenotypes are due to deletion of exon 3 and 2, respectively. The Webb and Duch antigens, also known as glycophorin D, result from single point mutations of the glycophorin C gene. The glycophorin C protein has very little homology with glycophorins A and B. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2012],function:This protein is a minor sialoglycoprotein in human erythrocyte membranes. The blood group Gerbich antigens and receptors for Plasmodium falciparum merozoites are most likely located within the extracellular domain. Glycophorin C plays an important role in regulating the stability of red cells.,online information:Blood group antigen gene mutation database,online information:Glycophorin C entry,polymorphism:GYPC is responsible for the Gerbich blood group system.,subcellular location:Linked to the membrane via Band 4.1.,tissue specificity:Glycophorin C is expressed in erythrocytes. Glycophorin D is ubiquitous.,

Research Area

Image Data



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-lung, antibody was diluted at 1:200



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-lung, antibody was diluted at 1:200





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-spleen, antibody was diluted at 1:200

Note For research use only.