Product Name: AMPKα1/2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog #: APRab06848



Summary

Production Name AMPKα1/2 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Description Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Host Rabbit

Application WB,IHC-P,IF-P,IF-F,ICC/IF,ELISA

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Bovine, Fish

Performance

ConjugationUnconjugatedModificationUnmodified

Isotype IgG

Clonality Polyclonal Form Liquid

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw Storage

cycles.

Buffer Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.

Purification Affinity purification

Immunogen

Gene Name AAPK1/AAPK2

PRKAA1; AMPK1; 5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-1; AMPK

subunit alpha-1; Acetyl-CoA carboxylase kinase; ACACA kinase, **Alternative Names**

Hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase kinase; HMGCR kinase; Tau-protein kinase

PRKAA1; PRKAA2; AMPK;

Gene ID 5562/5563

Q13131/P54646.The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived SwissProt ID

from human AMPK alpha. AA range:140-189

Application

Dilution Ratio WB 1:500-2000, IHC-P 1:100-500, IF-P/IF-F/ICC/IF/ICC 1:100-500, ELISA 1:5000-20000

Molecular Weight 63kDa

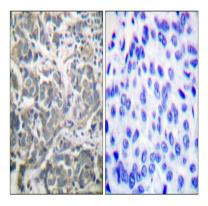
Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the ser/thr protein kinase family. It is the catalytic subunit of the 5'prime-AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK). AMPK is a cellular energy sensor conserved in all eukaryotic cells. The kinase activity of AMPK is activated by the stimuli that increase the cellular AMP/ATP ratio. AMPK regulates the activities of a number of key metabolic enzymes through phosphorylation. It protects cells from stresses that cause ATP depletion by switching off ATP-consuming biosynthetic pathways. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], catalytic activity: ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation:Binding of AMP results in allosteric activation, inducing phosphorylation on Thr-174 by STK11 in complex with STE20-related adapter-alpha (STRAD alpha) pseudo kinase and CAB39. Also activated by phosphorylation by CAMKK2 triggered by a rise in intracellular calcium ions, without detectable changes in the AMP/ATP ratio, function: Responsible for the regulation of fatty acid synthesis by phosphorylation of acetyl-CoA carboxylase. It also regulates cholesterol synthesis via phosphorylation and inactivation of hormone-sensitive lipase and hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase. Appears to act as a metabolic stress-sensing protein kinase switching off biosynthetic pathways when cellular ATP levels are depleted and when 5'-AMP rises in response to fuel limitation and/or hypoxia. This is a catalytic subunit, sequence caution: Translation N-terminally shortened, similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. SNF1 subfamily, similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain, subunit: Heterotrimer of an alpha catalytic subunit, a beta and a gamma non-catalytic subunits. Interacts with FNIP1 and FNIP2.,

Research Area

Insulin Receptor; mTOR; AMPK

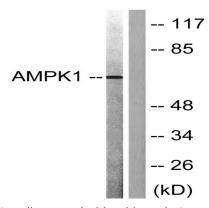
Image Data



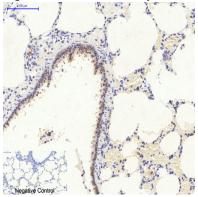
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using AMPK alpha Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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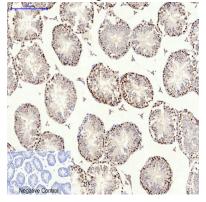




Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells, treated with Adriamycin 0.5ng/ml 24h, using AMPK alpha Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

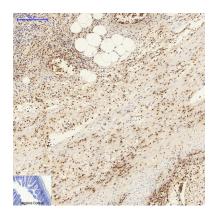


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-lung tissue. 1,AMPKα1/2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min) . 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room tempeRature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.

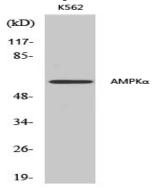


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-testis tissue. 1,AMPKα1/2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min) . 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room tempeRature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.

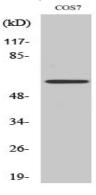




Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-colon tissue. 1,AMPKα1/2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C,overnight) . 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C,20min) . 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room tempeRature, 30min) . Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.

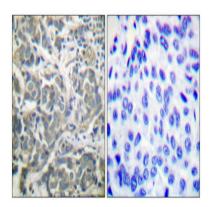


Western Blot analysis of various cells using AMPKα1/2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 500



Western Blot analysis of COS7 cells using AMPKα1/2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 500





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100 (4°,overnight) . High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.

Note

For research use only.